WANTS
IN
ONE CENT
ONE WORD
ONE ISSUE
THE COLONIST.

The Daily Colonist.

DRINK
EXCELSIOR
ALE.

VOL LXXIV.---NO. 7. VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA TUESDAY JUNE 18 1895. THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

MANUFACTURING. RE-SETTING STONES.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

THE JEWELLERS,

47 Government Street, - - Opposite Bank of B.C.

. . . REPAIRING. . . . . . DESIGNING. . . .

CHELSEA JELLIES

ORANGE, - -
LEMON, - - -
STRAWBERRY
RASPBERRY, -
VANILLA, - -
PINEAPPLE, -
CALVESFEET, -
} W. Robertson & Co. London.

HUDSON'S BAY CO.

WHARF STREET.

THE ONLY CONFIDENCE MEN

WE EVER SEE.

Dealt with by us are sharp men who come to us every day, but who, it is needless to say, are not of the crooked variety. They are good citizens who have been buying at our establishment for years past. We call them confidence men because they have confidence in the stock we keep, and because they are shrewd enough to get their footwear where they are certain of being pleased with what they purchase. Such men are now buying Tan Shoes from us for the warm weather.

A. B. ERSKINE, { Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

OUR NAME IS OVER THE DOOR.
REPUTATION IS ESTABLISHED.
PRICES UNAPPROACHABLE.

THIS WEEK'S SNAPS.

SMITH'S SODA CRACKERS, 3 lb. CARTOONS.... .20
RED DEER CREAMERY BUTTER, 11 lb. TUBS... .24
WE ARE SELLING 22 lbs. SUGAR FOR.....$1.00

OLYMPIC FLOUR STILL LEADS.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO. my16 m

BUY LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY'S WORLD-FAMOUS

Corned Beef . . .
Roast Beef . . . .
Lunch Tongues.
Etc., etc . . . . . .

NOT DEARER THAN OTHERS, BUT BETTER. ja1

Condensed Coffee and Milk.

Condensed Cocoa and Milk.

REINDEER : : BRAND

Just what is wanted for your Summer outing. Kept by all Grocers.

THE TRURO CONDENSED MILK & CANNING COMPANY, LTD.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

OLYMPIC FLOUR

Manufactured by . . . . . The Puget Sound Flouring Mills Co., Tacoma, Wash. ap24

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fel

ENGINEERS.

KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS.
Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B.C.
G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—An honest Japanese wants a situation as general servant; good milker. Apply Japanese Y.M.A., 140 Johnson street. je18-1t

WANTED—Situation as stenographer and typewriter. Address J. G., Colonist office. je18-6t

FOR SALE—A first-class family cow newly calved. Apply 103 North Park street, city. je18 3t

TAKE NOTICE—Our sacrifice sale is now on. If you want to see a boom in business call and see us. "Take no thought of the morrow," call to-day and we will show you the wherewithal to be clothed, neatly, elegantly, and cheaply. A full line of cloths from which to make a selection. Come and see us and we will do you good. Geo. R. Jackson, the tailor, Government street. je18-1t

BOARD and desirable summer residence, healthy locality; fine situation; good water. Oak House, Esquimalt Road, (near switch.) je16-2t

BANJO, seven strings, excellent solo instrument; also concert Zither. For prices address F.E., Drawer 68. je16-2t

FOR SALE—Henly's Hotel at Clover Point. For further information apply to the Victoria Phoenix Brewing Co.'s office, Government street. my31-tf

CRUSHED FRUITS IN SODA.

Something new. Peach, Pineapple, Strawberry, Orange, Nectar and Quince. We have an enviable reputation for our Ice Cream Soda.

JOHN COCHRANE,
DRUGGIST,
N.W. corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

GYMKANA RACES

DRIVING PARK

Saturday, June 22nd, 2:30 p.m.

Under the distinguished patronage of Lieut.-Governor Dewdney and Admiral Stevenson.
Events include Cutting Turk's Head—Tug of War on Horseback—Hurdle Race—Cigar and Umbrella and Thread-Needle Race—Victoria Cross Race—and others.—Also Tug of War open to teams from H.M. ships, Marines and B.C.B.G.A.; prize $20.
Band of H. M. S. Royal Arthur will play during the afternoon. je18 5t

LICENSING COURT.

The Board of Licensing Commissioners will sit on Wednesday next, the 19th Instant, at 2:30 p.m., in the Police Court, City Hall.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., June 17, 1895. je18-2t

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

W. ½ of Section 20, Range III., Mountain District.

Whereas the Certificate of Title of Edward Huggins to the above lands, dated 17th July, 1879, has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate; notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, within one month from the date hereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
17th June, 1895. je18-1m

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER.

Room 7 Board of Trade Building,

will sell at Salesrooms, Bastion Square,

THIS DAY

at 11 o'clock a.m.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENT

IN BOND.

Nos. 505, 506, 2701, 517 } 4 Hhds. Henke's Geneva Gin, 252 gals.
507—1 Qr Cask Henke Geneva Gin, 32 gals.
590, 2636 } 2 Qr Casks Boord's Old Tom Gin, 26 gals. each.

BY ORDER OF CONSIGNEES,

IN BOND.

53-62—10 cs. Schultz & Wagner's Laubenheimer.
43-52—10 cs. De Bossaxe (Quarts) Dry Champagne.
23 32—10 cases (Quarts) Grand Vin Imperial (Dry) 1889 vintage, Moucheron Freres'.
—cs. Ind. Coope Pale Ale (Pints and Quarts).

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer. je11

A.O.U.W. HALL,

YATES STREET.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 20,

Mr. David Christie Murray

Will give his Charming Anecdotal Causerie, entitled,

MEMORY'S LUCKY BAG

Being personal reminiscences of experiences and adventure.

DOORS OPEN AT 7.45 :: COMMENCES AT 8 30 SHARP.

Reserved seats now on sale at Jamieson's Bookstore, next to post office, at 75 cents; general admission 50 cents. je16 4t

MERCHANTS' LUNCH WILL BE SERVED AT THE Poodle Dog Restaurant

from 12 to 2. Meals, with glass of beer or claret, 40c. Regular meals, with glass of beer or claret, 50c. LOUIS MARBOEUF, Prop. ja23-1m

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate. A. W. More, 70 Douglas street.

CABLE NEWS.

British Government Withdraw the Proposal for a Monument to Cromwell.

The Portuguese Chamber of Deputies Burned Down—Governor of New South Wales.

LONDON, June 17.—The Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign office, Sir Edward Grey, replying to Mr. William P. Byles, representing the Shipley division of Yorkshire in the House of Commons, today said that in January last the United States, by Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, had informed the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the Earl of Kimberley, that the U. S. government would gladly lend its good offices to bring about a settlement by arbitration of the dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela respecting the boundary of British Guiana. The position of Great Britain in the matter was explained to Mr. Bayard, who was informed that the British government was willing to arbitrate within certain limits, but that it would not agree to the more extensive reference upon which Venezuela insisted.

Viscount Hampden has been appointed governor of New South Wales. Viscount Hampden has been a member of parliament at different times since 1866, his last appearance in parliament being in 1885-6, when he represented the Stroud division of Gloucestershire. He has also been captain of the Coldstream Guards and Surveyor-General of Ordnance in 1883 4.

Justin McCarthy, Parnellite, in the House of Commons this evening warmly protested against the government offering an insult to Ireland by proposing to erect a monument to Oliver Cromwell. He moved a reduction of the vote to £500. The motion was carried by a vote of 220 yeas to 83 nays. Mr. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, thereupon withdrew the proposal for the monument.

A Paris dispatch to the Times announces that the Academy of Sciences has elected Professor Simon Newcomb, of Washington, its foreign associate in place of the late Professor Helmholtz.

Colonel Capello, with a force of volunteers and civil guards amounting to 170 men, has engaged the insurgents near Jamaica, District of Guantanamo. The insurgents were commanded by Periquito, Perez and Jose Maceo, and numbered 500 men. The Spanish forces captured the insurgent camp, a quantity of arms and ammunition and 32 horses. The insurgents lost four killed, among whom was the insurgent captain Castillo. They also had seven wounded. On the side of the troops only one soldier was killed and three wounded. Marine General Delgado Peroje has arrived here from Spain and has assumed command of the naval forces. In view of the peaceful attitude of the province of Puerte Principe, the Captain General has given up the idea of proclaiming martial law there.

The Portuguese chamber of deputies was destroyed by fire this afternoon. Flames broke out on the roof at 1 o'clock, the fire being caused by a plumber who had been at work there. The man left his work for some time and neglected to extinguish his brazier before so doing. During his absence the brazier, it is presumed, was overturned and the fire broke out. The flames were under control before the fire was able to spread to the chamber of peers, but the chamber of deputies and archives were destroyed. Four persons were injured.

A special judge has been ordered by the government to proceed to Alfonzo, province of Matanzas, in order to commence proceedings against the parties who have circulated false reports of an insurgent outbreak in that province.

The Russian and French squadrons which are to take part in the ceremonies attendant upon the opening of the Baltic and North sea canal arrived at Kiel together to-day and exchanged cheers with the German guardship. The Italian squadron arrived some time later.

SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

Mr. Charlton's Bill Before the Presbyterian General Assembly—The Feeling of the Members.

LONDON, June 17. — (Special) — At the Presbyterian general assembly the Sabbath observance question came up on Saturday through a report presented by Dr. Armstrong of Ottawa. Mr. Charlton, M.P., in moving the adoption of the report as a whole, explained to the court the progress of the Lord's Day bill in parliament. A number of speakers on the subject voiced the feeling that a critical period is at hand in the matter of the sacredness of one day in the week for other than secular employments, and urged the church at large to be prepared for taking its part in things that are coming.

TEMPERANCE WOMEN.

Opening of the Nineteenth Annual Convention of the World's W. C. T. U.—Lady Somerset's Address.

LONDON, June 17.—The nineteenth annual meeting of the British Women's Temperance Association opened in the Queen's hall this morning. The principal feature of the session was the annual address of the president, Lady Henry Somerset. She said in the course of her address: The temperance question was never so vigorously alive in our country as to-day. No other great nation ever saw a direct veto bill included in the platform of a party, twice recommended from the throne and championed by the leader of the House of Commons. The strength of public sentiment is indicated by these facts, and marks England as a leader of national sentiment and purposed legislation among the nations of the earth. Never before have so many women congregated representing an organization so large and thoroughly equipped and with plans so far reaching for the good of hearts and homes of every nation. To us English it is a home-like fact that many of these delegates have come from Canada: from Toronto, the best governed city on the American continent, and from stately Montreal, from picturesque Quebec and from staid Halifax, from British Columbia on the Pacific Coast and from Ottawa, where the Countess of Aberdeen works so wisely in building up the Women's Council."

Miss Willard says that this convention will give no uncertain sound on the Armenian question, or in relation to the "barbarous lynchings by which brutal white men wreak their vengeance on brutal black men, setting aside the civilized and Christian methods to which all men are entitled, namely, the verdict of law meted out by judges and juries."

TROUBLE IN ROUMANIA.

Turkish Police and the Natives Fighting—Outrage by Albanian Bandits.

SOFIA, June 17.—Advices from Kroo-showa tell of two startling occurrences which may be followed by serious trouble. According to all accounts a Turkish policeman killed a young woman on the evening of her marriage to a young Roumanian. The Turkish policeman and one of his comrades were killed shortly after the death of the girl by her two brothers. Attempts were made to capture them, but they sought refuge in a house, which was finally surrounded by the Turkish police, upon whom the brothers opened fire and during the affray killed two more, but they themselves were killed. The commander of the Turkish troops was obliged to send for reinforcements. The second story is even more startling than the first. According to advices from the Roumanian village of Waltsche, in the same district, that place was recently invaded during the absence of the male population by a band of Albanian bandits. The women, however, made a determined resistance. The brigands during the fight killed nine of the women, burned the village to the ground, and drove the cattle to their strongholds.

LOAN BILL WORTHLESS.

Newfoundland's Financial Legislation Discovered to Be Altogether Defective.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., June 17.—The loan bill, authorizing the financial arrangements made by Colonial Secretary Bond, which passed the legislature on Friday and received the Royal assent on Saturday, is now believed to be worthless. Mr. Morine, the opposition leader, raised the point to-day that the bill gave no authority to anybody to sign bonds nor define the form in which the bonds could be issued. He further showed that such provisions are always made in a measure for loans. The government attempted no explanation, being apparently dumbfounded by the error. The bill is now law and cannot be recalled, so that the only way out of the difficulty in the opinion of lawyers is to prorogue the session and immediately call another and pass a new bill. The government's answer is expected on Wednesday.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

Henry Arkell Dead.

AYLMER, June 17.—Henry Arkell, postmaster, is dead, aged 70. He is well known in shipping circles, and was a friend of the late Sir John Macdonald.

Caught Robbing the Mails.

TORONTO, June 17.—Fred T. Williams, a letter sorter in the post office, was arrested on Saturday evening charged with stealing money from registered letters. A trap was laid for his detection, with the result that he was caught with a registered letter in his possession.

DIED BY THE ROADSIDE.

An Old Man and His Wife Expire in Violent Pain After Taking Electric Oil.

TORONTO, June 17 —(Special)—Last night Robert Hamilton, an old umbrella mender, and his wife were found lying by the roadside near Borne park, a summer resort. The old man told a physician that they had been taken ill and a woman at a country roadside grocery had given him a bottle of electric oil. After drinking they were taken much worse and were seized with violent pains. The old man died in the doctor's arms as soon as he had told his story, and ten minutes later the woman, who wore male attire, expired without having regained consciousness sufficiently to tell her story.

DOUBLE EXECUTION.

Preparations all Complete for the Hanging of Hendershott and Welter.

ST. THOMAS, June 17 —Everything is in readiness for the double execution here tomorrow. Everybody connected with the jail is laboring under a severe strain. The condition of the prisoners is pitiable. Hendershott to-night is nearly dead with terror, while Welter, it is said, has become insane and pleads continually for his father.

The confession made by Welter is not believed. In a wild, rambling story he puts the crime on a quiet and prominent farmer. It has been sent to Ottawa, but it is not likely a reprieve will be granted. Under the scaffold is a pit five feet deep, and the doomed men will literally drop into their graves. The town is filling up with American newspaper men.

We have received another line of Rattan Goods; we ask you just to see what we have in this way. Weiler Bros. x

Wonder 5 minute ice cream freezers at Perry & Turner's, 42 Johnson street.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

See Bradbury for finestatuary, monuments, curbings. Works cor. Corm't & Blanch'd sts.

Asbestos pipes 50c. each, at Harry Salmon's. x

Garden syringes at Cheapside

Flor de Vallen cigars are incomparable at Harry Salmon's. x

When your files are ready for binding drop us a postal card and messenger will call for the work. The Colonist Bindery.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Prince Edward Island Railway Extension—To Enable Newfoundland to Enter Confederation.

Protests Against Superannuation Bill—Salvation Army Colony for the Northwest.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 17.—By a vote of 68 to 57 to-night the house declared that it was expedient to defer a pronouncement on the prohibition question until the decision of the judicial committee on the matter had been received.

Prince Edward Islanders had a field day on the subject of the proposed extensions of the island railway.

The civil servants to-day appointed a delegation to interview the government to protest against the superannuation bill.

Senator Wark wants Canada to make overtures to Great Britain for joint action to relieve Newfoundland from her financial embarrassments and enable her to enter the Dominion.

Commandant Booth, of the Salvation Army visits the Northwest shortly to look up a location for the proposed Salvationist colony.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.

Arrest of Farr, Accused of Trying to Kill His Wife and Burn Up His Premises.

VANCOUVER, June 17.—William Farr was arrested here at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning on board the Warrimoo by Sergeant Haywood. About two months ago Farr, who was a locomotive engineer, resident at Winnipeg, is alleged to have attempted to set fire to his house and burn alive his wife and children. It seems that he for years lived a double life, having a wife and family in one part of Winnipeg and at the same time being engaged in marriage to a young lady residing in another quarter of the city. As the date of his wedding approached, it is charged that he concocted a plot to destroy his wife and family by burning the house while they slept. The fire was extinguished, and a strong case against Farr developing he was arrested. While held for trial he managed to make his escape by prying a bar from the guarded window of the room in which he was confined, descending by a rope to the ground. Since that time Farr has succeeded in evading the police, who have been hot in pursuit. He has been hiding for two weeks between Hastings and Vancouver.

WINNIPEG, June 17.—The arrest at Vancouver of Farr, the C.P.R. engineer, who is wanted for arson and attempted murder of his wife and family here was the sensation of to-day, and the eagerness with which all the details of the mysterious and perplexing case were again discussed, demonstrated how great is the public interest in the matter. It was more than a nine days' wonder, for though it is two months since the engineer made his escape from the police station, the particulars of his alleged crime, arrest and escape, seemed to be as fresh in the public mind this morning as when the sensational events transpired. Miss Robinson, the young woman who is so unfortunately mixed up in the case, declined to say anything regarding the arrest. She has been warned not to talk. Farr is expected here on Thursday. Provincial Chief of Police Elliott left here yesterday to meet Sergeant Heywood who is accompanying the prisoner to Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

Fatally Shot—Transcontinental Passengers—Damages by a Small Cyclone.

WINNIPEG, June 17.—(Special)—M. Perceranier, a French Canadian, was probably fatally shot at Rathwell station to-day by the discharge of a gun he was cleaning.

Admiral Fremantle passed through the city to-day en route to England. He was commander in chief of the British squadron in Chinese waters during the recent trouble.

Among the arrivals yesterday was Sir Fielding Clark, chief justice of Hongkong, and Lady Clark. They leave this afternoon for Banff, where they will stay for a short time, thence proceeding to the Glacier house, where they will make a halt of a day or two. They leave Vancouver for Hongkong June 24.

A gentleman who has just arrived from Ottawa brings information that the government do not intend to present to parliament the order in council making a grant to the Winnipeg and Great Northern railway for ratification this season.

A small sized cyclone shattered some buildings and created great havoc among loose material at Oak Lake on Saturday.

Byron used a great deal of hair dressing, but was very particular to have only the best to be found in the market. If Ayer's Hair Vigor had been obtainable then, doubtless he would have tested its merits, as so many distinguished and fashionable people are doing now-a-days.

Arrived new wall papers, Mellor's. *

Drink Excelsior XXX English Ale and Lager Beer. It is the best.

The Keeley Institute.

The only Keeley Institute in the Northwest for the cure of the liquor and opium habits is located in Hinckley Block, Seattle, Wash. Write for particulars. x

Indian cheroots, large size, 3 for 25c; medium size, 4 for 25c; at Harry Salmon's. x

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

REMOVAL NOTICE.—×

BOWES' DRUG STORE

Has been removed to

100 GOVERNMENT STREET,

Near corner of Yates Street. je14

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Alderman Gallagher's Police Inquiry Endorsed by Vancouver Ratepayers' Association.

Through Crow's Nest Pass—Texada Mining Company—Dullness Prevails at Nanaimo.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, June 17.—The license commissioners granted 53 licenses to-day and 14 were laid over.

Acceptances for the 1st July celebration have been received from Col. Rawstorne and Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney.

The executive committee of the Ratepayers' Association have strongly endorsed Ald. Gallagher's action in the police investigation and recommend an inquiry into the conduct of the city solicitor and other prominent officials with a view to dismissing them. They censure the mayor for his apparently hostile attitude towards the investigation.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, June 17.—A change has taken place in the pastorate of St. Peter's (R.C.) church in this city. Rev. Father Sobry has been transferred to Cowichan to engage in missionary work among the Indians, his place being filled by Rev. Father Verbeke, formerly of Alberni. Rev. Father Sobry's departure after six years of faithful labor in this city is greatly regretted.

The Knights of Pythias commemorated their anniversary yesterday by decorating the graves of departed brethren. The turn out was very large and the decoration was carried out on a magnificent scale.

There is an entire absence of shipping and it is reported that the N. V. C. Co. intend to work the machine shop on half time until business improves.

The Texada Gold and Silver Mining Company have bonded three of their claims to a syndicate for $24,000. A third of this sum is to be paid down before any operations are begun.

NELSON.

(From the Tribune.)

The Canadian Pacific has, it is said, withdrawn its objection to the British Columbia Southern building a road through Crow's Nest Pass, and one of the directors of the latter company is now in New York negotiating with a syndicate to build the road. The British Columbia Southern has already been voted the Dominion subsidy of $3,200 a mile for 32 miles, and it is not improbable that the road will get the subsidy for its entire length. The charter calls for a road from the eastern boundary of British Columbia to a suitable terminus on Burrard Inlet, to be built in three sections. The eastern section ends at Kootenay river, in East Kootenay; the centre section at a point on Kootenay lake, probably at Pilot Bay; the western section, at any point on Burrard Inlet. The eastern section must be constructed and equipped by December 31, 1896; the centre section by December 31, 1897, and the western section by December 31, 1898. Connection will be made at the eastern end with an extension of the Lethbridge branch of the Canadian Pacific, which is already graded for about fifty miles west of Macleod. At Nelson connection will be made with the Nelson & Fort Sheppard, Spokane being one of the objective points of the company.

REVELSTOKE.

(From the Kootenay Mail.)

The Lytton brought up 60 tons of bullion Thursday evening from the Pilot Bay smelter, which went east immediately.

Dan. C. McGillivray was the successful tenderer, at $55 per thousand, for 5,000 feet of whip-sawed lumber to the McCulloch Creek Tunnel Co.

Eight cars of "Hendryx" or Pilot Bay bullion went east on Monday, bound to Aurora, Ill., 60 tons of it being in the Lytton's cargo, and 100 tons in the Kootenai's.

At Big Bend a steamboat is required to run to Death Rapids, about 45 miles north of Revelstoke, a tramway around Death Rapids, and another steamer to run from there to Canoe river, a distance of 60 odd miles further. Not only would this facilitate the opening up of the quartz and placer mines, but it would open up the big bottom lands on Canoe river to settlement. There are at least 200,000 acres of land in the Big Bend fit for agricultural purposes.

GOLDEN CARIBOO.

The Precious Metals of British Columbia Receiving Attention in the East.

Following is an interview with W. F. Sargent, secretary of the Slough Creek Mining Co., now in Montreal on a business trip. It appeared in the Gazette of the 10th instant:

Yesterday afternoon a representative of the Gazette met Mr. W. F. Sargent, one of the officers of the Slough Creek Mining Company, located in the Cariboo district, British Columbia, and that gentleman expressed himself as more than pleased in reading Sir Donald Smith's remarks at the Bank of Montreal meeting regarding the necessity of an early development of the mining resources of the Pacific province.

"That district is again being called 'Golden Cariboo,'" began the gentleman from the West, "and it will in a very short time repeat its splendid record of twenty years ago."

What is the cause of the falling off in the gold product of the Cariboo? asked the reporter.

"I will tell you. From the early sixties down to 1874 some $60,000,000 had been taken out, but the miners had begun at the head of the gulches and worked down until the valleys became too wide and deep to permit of being handled by the old fashioned and primitive mining methods then in vogue. No one, however, at all acquainted with the country has ever disputed the fact that the Cariboo is just as rich as ever it was, when improved mining machinery is employed."

Mr. Sargent then went on to quote one of the leading hydraulic experts on the coast regarding the productive qualities of the district. Mr. John B. Hobson reported to Sir Wm. Van Horne in 1893 that he had seen three times as much gold gravel in Yale, Lillooet and Cariboo as there existed in the entire state of California.

"And how much is there in California?"

"The California gravel are estimated officially at 2,108,000,000 cubic yards, and their tenure of gold is placed at $500,000,000, so this will give you an idea of what is in store for this section of British Columbia."

"What caused the revival in Cariboo?"

"The certain knowledge that there was gold in abundance there and the creation of the necessary appliances for the working. Three years ago the government of the province made a grant of land to the Slough Mining Company and this grant embraced the entire width of the Slough creek valley. This company was the first to use the hydraulic jetting machine, and the results being eminently satisfactory, others followed suit. The prominent companies now at work in the Cariboo besides our own are: The Horse Fly, the Cariboo, the Victoria Elevator Company, the Quesnelle River Hydraulic Company, the Willow River Gold Mining Company, the Montreal and British Columbia Mining and Development Company, besides several smaller syndicates and individual miners."

"How many men are engaged in the mines?"

"About a thousand, and the capital runs into the millions. The fact of the matter is," added Mr. Sargent, "the people of Eastern Canada and especially those of Montreal, the money centre of the Dominion, have little or no conception of the country's vast richness and what returns can be got providing caution and prudence be maintained. The work so far has been confined to the development stage, but the Horsefly and Cariboo people will have a washup about the last of the month, and I need not tell you that they expect good results. There is more Montreal capital invested in the two last companies than in any others, and it is only natural that your readers will be interested."

"Have the Chinese become good miners?"

"They have, indeed, and, in fact, the Celestials have never left the Cariboo in all these years, and being hard workers and thrifty they have done well all along. We have probably 300 Chinamen working along the sides of our claims, and a company composed of three or four of them took up a piece of ground and took out $1,600 in the short space of two weeks."

"How do you reach these Cariboo mining camps?"

"We get there from Ashcroft, a station on the Canadian Pacific, 200 miles east of Vancouver. The British Columbia Express Company runs a stage once a week to Barkerville, the chief town of the district, a distance of 275 miles, the trip being made in day time over a good road. The whole country hopes, however, that the Canadian Pacific will be induced in the near future to construct a branch road, and a leading contractor assures me that the cost will not be at all excessive. At present it costs these companies not less than $100 to $120 per ton to get their supplies and machinery from Ashcroft to the seat of operation. If we had a railway I have every reason to believe that quartz development would take place, but at present it is almost out of the question to get in such heavy and costly machinery as would be required.

Speaking of the progress of the country, Mr. Sargent said that the freight receipts at Ashcroft from the 1st of January to the end of April, the present season, had been in excess of those for the whole of 1894. The largest amount of machinery now on the road is that of the Whittier concession, or the Victoria Hydraulic Elevator Co. Mr. Whittier has succeeded in securing capital in England to the extent of £100,000, and his machinery, amounting to 640,000 pounds, is now being sent from Birmingham to Vancouver in a steamer.

Mr. Sargent states that the British Columbia Premier, who has always had faith in his province, is now doing good work in England, and he believes that the time is near at hand when the British capitalists will seek investment in British Columbia quite as readily as in South Africa and Australia. The British Columbia government is likewise awake to the importance of protecting the investor, and a mining bureau is being established, where all information relative to every mine and district in the province will be obtainable, thus preventing the successful booming of worthless mines or mines that only exist on paper.

In an interview with Sir William Van Horne on the crop outlook, which appears in the same issue of the Gazette, the C.P.R. President had the following to say about the B. C. mines:

"Sir William had also heard of the gold mining boom in British Columbia. He said that he believed a few weeks would bring the best possible news from the far-famed Cariboo district, where such extensive results had been obtained twenty years ago, and where gold in millions still remained, and only required the improved mining facilities that were now obtainable. The rich silver mines of the Kootenay were also alluded to by the Canadian Pacific's President, who believes British Columbia is on the eve of a development hitherto unknown on the Pacific coast."

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers is the best, handiest, safest, surest, cleanest, most economical and satisfactory dye ever invented. It is the gentlemen's favorite.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA EXPRESS CO'Y, LTD.

STAGES FOR CARIBOO

The regular Weekly Stage for all points in

Cariboo and Lillooet,

Leaves Ashcroft every Monday morning at 4 o'clock. Travelling by daylight only and making about 70 miles a day, each way, lying over one day at Barkerville.

Ashcroft to Clinton,

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Ashcroft for Lillooet, Mondays and Wednesdays.

Special Stages

Furnished on proper notice and at reasonable rates. For a party of five or more persons, regular stage fares only will be charged. These specials make regular stage time, changing horses along the route. General express matter carried by regular stages. Fast freight by specials.

For further information apply to
B. C. EXPRESS CO., LTD.,
je6-d&w-tf Ashcroft, B. C.

GOOD DRY WOOD

$3.50 PER CORD.

SWINERTON & ODDY, 110 Government St.

THIS PAPER

IS ON SALE AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES:

SAN FRANCISCO—
Palace Hotel News Stand.
L. P. Fisher, Room 11, Merchants' Exchange.

SEATTLE—
A. T. Lundberg & Co., 2d and Pike streets.
J. T. Riggs, P.O. News Stand.
Ward's News Stand, 109 Columbia.
Allair & Staemfli, 104 S. 2d street.
Butler Hotel News Stand.
Rainier Grand News Stand.
Norther Hotel News Stand.
Bowman & Hanford, 616 Front street.
The Calvert Co., 716 Front street.
Gillman News Stand, Yeasler avenue and Commercial street.
Taft & Clark, 2d and Madison streets.
Standly, W. P., 518 2d street.
Sutton & Allen, 2d street.
Arlington Hotel News Stand.
The Puget Sound News Company.

TACOMA—
News Stand, Tacoma Hotel.
Funk's Book Store, corner 11th street and Pacific avenue.

PORT TOWNSEND—
French & Springer's.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

The Best Spring Medicine

Is B.B.B., its powerful, cleansing, purifying, and regulating influence courses through the natural gates and alleys of the body and removes

Bad Blood

and all impure morbid matter. B.B.B. tones the sluggish liver, restores lost appetite, gives regular action of the Bowels, and makes

Rich, Red Blood

Thus giving health and strength to resist the heat of summer and ward off the attacks of disease. For children its use is more than valuable—it is necessary in spring, and pleased parents testify that it gives life, health, strength and a

Bright, Clear Skin

to the little ones. In cases of Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Scrofula, etc., after years of triumphant test and positive proof it is only necessary to say that.

B.B.B. Cures

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—An honest, active gentleman or lady to travel for established, reliable house. Salary $780, payable $15 weekly and expenses. Situation permanent. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, 318 Omaha Building, Chicago. je14 30t

WANTED—By an experienced man, work on a farm; young, strong, and willing thoroughly understands all details, etc. Apply Valler, Colonist office. je8 4td&2tw

WANTED—Men in every locality to distribute samples and advertising matter; good pay; steady work the year round. For particulars address, at once, C. & U. S. Advertisers' Agency, Box 450, London, Ontario. je11 1m

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET FURNISHED—A front bedroom, near Beacon Hill and car line. Apply A, Colonist office. je16 2t

TO LET—Furnished rooms with kitchens for light housekeeping. Apply at Balmoral Hotel. Mrs. N. A. Jackson. je15-3t

TO LET—Furnished rooms with use of kitchen and bath. Apply 101 Pandora street. je12-1m

TO LET—Neatly furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. Apply at 139 Michigan street. je8-12t

TO LET—Three comfortable furnished bedrooms, two on ground floor; breakfast if required. Apply 138 Blanchard street, corner Discovery. je4-1m

TO LET—No. 72 Fort street, store and dwelling combined; stable accommodation. my28 6t

TO LET—Two cottages, 4 rooms each, rent $4; one 5 rooms and bath, $6.50; good place to keep chickens and cow. Apply 4 Clark street, Spring Ridge. my19-1m

ROOMS AND BOARD for one or two gentlemen, within five minutes' walk from post office. Apply to 135 Pandora ave. mr5

TO-LET—For the summer season or longer, the Maple Bay House, Maple Bay, with about 2 acres fruit bearing orchard, and 160 acres sheep run, if wanted. This is the finest and prettiest place on the Island for anyone seeking health or pleasure, nice beach, fine fishing, good shooting, etc. Apply at the Alderlea, Duncans, Wm. Beaumont. mr10tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A snap; 50 acres 12 miles from town, two-roomed house, chicken house and stable; 10 acres cleared and under cultivation; price reduced to $550. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A good saddle horse, also broken to harness; price only $75. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms in South Saanich, on the East road about 10 miles from Victoria Post Office, containing 100 acres; about 50 acres cleared and under cultivation; 6-roomed house, good farm buildings; over 200 fruit trees, all first-class land; splendid spring of water. The farm is close to the Victoria & Sidney Railway. For further particulars apply to A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. ap26

FOR SALE—Twenty-five acres of good land, well improved and well fenced and cross fenced, with house of seven rooms; lath and plastered, veranda back and front, barn and 2 chicken houses to carry 800 chickens; natural spring water; good garden, fruit trees. The above is on the Victoria & Nanaimo main road, about 1 mile from McPherson's Station, E. & N. Railway. Will take city property for part or whole payment, or will take one-half cash and mortgage on the balance. Price two thousand five hundred dollars, $2,500. This is a rare chance as the owner has to go to Europe. For further particulars apply at the Colonist office. ap24-3m

FOR SALE.

Forty acres in Lake District, on main road, about an hour's drive from town, and close to Victoria & Sidney Railway; the land is partly cleared, with good water, and nicely situated. This property will be sold cheap, either in bulk or in ten (10) acre pieces. Full information given.

MONEY TO LEND on good security.

SWINERTON & ODDY,
Accountants, Agents and Notaries Public,
110 Government street.
Telephone 491. P.O. Box 631.

FOR SALE—
A fine mansion and outbuildings with all possible conveniences, in Quamichan District, together with 300 acres of land; about 50 of which are improved and partly under orchard, crops, etc. Fine shooting and fishing may be had on the estate. About one mile from Koksilah station.

TO LET—
For a term of years—Tzouhalim—fronting on Cowichan Bay, together with 100 acres of land; partly in grass and orchard.

TO LET—
With privilege of purchase, several fine properties in Victoria City.

For terms apply to
HEISTERMAN & CO.,
ap17-1mo 75 Government Street.

THE LAKESIDE HOUSE,
AT—
COWICHAN LAKE
THE MOST CHARMING SUMMER RESORT IN B.C.
Excellent Fly Fishing, Boating AND Scenery
Stage leaves Duncan's Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Fare for round trip, $3.50.
PRICE & JAYNES, - - PROPRIETORS.
my14

THE COLONIST

Bookbinding,
Paper Ruling
Job Printing
Lithographing
Embossing
Label Printing
Varnishing

HAVING purchased and added to our other branches the well known Bookbindery and Blank Book Manufactory of R. T. Williams, we now claim to have the . . . . . .

Largest and Most Complete Establishment in Our Line West of Toronto.

We are now in a still better position to compete with any firm on the Coast or in the East for BOOKBINDING, BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, LITHOGRAPHING, EMBOSSING, COLORED LABEL PRINTING AND VARNISHING. There are in our employ over sixty hands, who are the best workmen in their respective trades that can be employed . .

THE BINDERY DEPARTMENT

Will be carried on on the present premises, No. 28 Broad Street, and will be under the personal supervision of T. B. MACABE, who is prepared to quote prices and submit samples. Orders for Binding, etc., may be left either at the Bindery or THE COLONIST Office . . .

THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., Ld.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of Broad street and Trounce avenue Established 1862. fel

Cheap Properties for Sale

CHOICE cleared land in Saanich for $75 per acre.

30 ACRES of cleared land 3½ miles from town, cut up in plots to suit purchasers. Price $175 per acre. Easy terms.

HOUSE and lot Lansdowne Road for $500.

100 ACRES Lake District, 7 miles from P.O.; only $15 per acre.

OAK BAY AVENUE—Four beautiful building lots at $250 each. Terms to suit buyer.

FERNWOOD ROAD lot for $450.

WANTED—An offer for the following: Belton Avenue, 2 lots, full size.

HOUSE and lot James street, James Bay.

3 ACRES good land, sea front; with dwelling and outbuildings, 1½ miles from Post Office.

6¼ ACRES all cleared, with house and outbuildings. Price $1,600.

LEE & FRASER.
11 Trounce Ave. my23-1m

FOR SALE.

Subject to the Approval of the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

The magnificent ranch known as the Haynes Estate, containing about 22,000 acres in contiguous blocks in and adjacent to the Okanagan Valley, British Columbia. The Estate consists chiefly of winter pasturage and some 6,000 acres of bottom land; is capable of raising large crops of hay, cereals and fruit. It is surrounded by extensive summer pasturage, is bisected by the Okanagan river and is watered by other perennial streams. The winters are milder than in most parts of British Columbia. Beef cattle have been supplied from this ranch to the Kootenay Districts and the Coast markets.

For particulars address or apply to the trustees, H. S. Mason and A. E. McPhillips, Victoria, B.C., or to their solicitors, Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, by whom tenders for the purchase of the above property will be received up to 13th July. je13-1mo

ADVERTISING AGENTS.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 11 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. fel

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
MRS. MARSHALL
has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dec1-tf

FRENCH DRESSMAKING—Perfect fit, first class furnishings. 18 Blanchard street. mr24

MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN,
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore. fe5

MADAME LAIRD,
TEACHER OF VOCAL MUSIC IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
For terms apply at residence, 161 Vancouver street, corner Pandora. se30

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. mr7

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munro, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

NOTICES.

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery for the year 1895.

SPRING ASSIZES.

Nanaimo	Tuesday	7th May.
New Westminster	Tuesday	14th May.
Vancouver	Tuesday	21st May.
Clinton	Monday	27th May.
Victoria	Tuesday	28th May.
Kamloops	Monday	3rd June.
Vernon	Monday	10th June.
*Donald	Friday	14th June.
*Nelson	Wednesday	19th June.

*Special Assize. ap19

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893," as Amended by the "Fire Insurance Policy Amendment Act, 1895."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to Secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance" from the 1st day of April, 1895, to the 1st day of July, 1895.

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
28th February, 1895. mr2-td

40-ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Situated half way between Chemainus and Maple Bay, and within 3 miles of Hall's Crossing, on the E. & N. Railway and ten miles from Duncan's. Five acres are under cultivation, and the balance has been slashed and burned, and with a slight expense can all be made ready for crop. The property is well situated, having a half mile frontage on the water. There is excellent water on the property for all purposes. There is a small house and barn on the land. For anyone requiring a small farm or a charming country seat, the above will be found well suited to their desire. The property, including various implements, will be sold for $2,000. Terms will be made to suit the purchaser.

For further particulars apply to "Rancher," care of The Colonist. no22-tf

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of consumers of water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Sections 12, 20 and 23 of The Water Works Regulation By-law 1891, which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of water of the said water works shall use such water for irrigating except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

IN THE NORTH WARD ON MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
IN THE CENTRAL WARD ON TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
IN THE SOUTH WARD ON WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore mentioned the water will be turned off, and there shall be charged in addition to ordinary rates the sum of fifty cents for each infraction.

The above penalties will be strictly enforce

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

Water Commissioner's Office,
14th May, 1895. my15

VICTORIA WATER WORKS.

The attention of the public generally, and PLUMBERS IN PARTICULAR is called to Section 16 of the "Corporation of Victoria Water Works Act, 1873," which reads as follows: "If any person or persons shall lay or cause to be laid any pipe or main to communicate with any pipe or main of the said water works, or in any way obtain or use any water thereof without the consent of the Commissioner, he or they shall forfeit or pay to the said Commissioner, for water works purposes, the sum of FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, and also a further sum of five dollars for each day such pipe or main shall so remain, which said sum, together with the costs of suit in that behalf, may be recovered by civil action in any court of law in the Province of British Columbia having civil jurisdiction to that amount.

The provisions of the above Section will for the future be strictly carried out.

JAS. L. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.

City Hall, 11th March, 1895. mr12

$10 REWARD.

The above-mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other building in the City of Victoria; or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto; or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises; or defacing or injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, March 20, 1895. mr21

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TAX ON DOGS.

Owners of dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1895 on every dog within the City of Victoria is now due.

The provisions of the "Pound By-law" and the "Revenue By-law, 1893," will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

Mr. Robert Carter is authorized to collect the above tax.

CHAS. KENT, Collector.

City Collector's Office, City Hall,
Victoria, B.C., May 22nd, 1895. my23-

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

The Well Known Skipper of the "Thermopylae" to Bid Her Good Bye—"Warrimoo" Sails.

Accident to the "R. P. Rithet"—San Francisco Liners in Port—Waterfront Notes.

All available cargo space was occupied on the R.M.S. Warrimoo when she sailed for the South at 11 o'clock Sunday night. Shipments for Honolulu comprised the bulk of her freight, the Hawaiian consignments being larger than for many previous trips. After arrival here the steamer loaded a large amount of cargo, including some 169 tons brought in from Everett by the steamer Utopia on Saturday night. Altogether the ship carried 42 first class and 52 second class saloon passengers. Among those from Victoria were: W. S. Edings, A. C. Lovekin, D. D. Hagarity and Miss Julia Hagarity, who are returning home to Sydney after a pleasant stay in Victoria; and Wai Low Jan, who with his secretary has been paying British Columbia a business visit, being a wealthy Sydney merchant.

Captain Winchester, who has commanded Hall, Ross & Co.'s famous clipper bark Thermopylæ for several years, will, it is said, shortly leave the vessel. He has been anxious to get home and see his family in Nova Scotia, and is now determined on making the trip. The Thermopylæ having gone out of the rice carrying trade will before long leave for England with a grain cargo from Tacoma, and it is considered doubtful if she will again make regular trips to Victoria. Capt. Winchester has made many famous trips in the Thermopylæ which are among the fastest voyages on record. He is well known and has many friends here.

The following cabin passengers left for San Francisco on the City of Puebla last evening: J M Bowen, Rev. M. Tai, Mrs. M. Tai, Mrs. Emma Stickles and child, Miss H. Brestain, Mrs. D. M. Horne, L. O. Connell, L. T. Newburt, O. W. Brewer, Mrs. C. G. Joslyn, Mrs. H. L. Salmon, Mrs. J. W. Rainey, Mrs. Philbrick, C. Cope, A. Pollock and A. Mahaffy.

Cadboro bay was the furthest the R. P. Rithet got on her regular run to Westminster yesterday morning. Her machinery broke down and she was obliged to put about for repairs. The Princess Louise was immediately fitted up to take her place, and not more than six or seven hours were lost in the change.

The steam schooner Mischief returned from Quatsino sound and other West Coast points yesterday morning. She passed the steamer Quadra near Nitinat, presumably bound for the scene of the alleged trouble with the Indians.

A cablegram to Richard Hall from Hakodate, received yesterday morning, announces that the sealing schooner Geneva has 1,150 skins and the Ocean Belle 1,050. Both secured their catches on the coast of Japan.

The Danish bark Cembrie, Capt. Pederson, 1,158 tons, which arrived in Royal Roads from South America Saturday night, was towed to the Mainland by the tug Lorne yesterday, where she loads lumber cargo for the United Kindom.

The sealing schooners Enterprise, Captain John Daley, and Minnie, Captain Jacobsen, cleared yesterday for Behring Sea. The former carries a crew of eight whites and thirty Indians, and the latter six whites and twenty-five Indians.

After a somewhat slow voyage the steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning. She brought for Victoria 184 tons of freight, and for this and Sound cities 122 passengers.

Bark Bundaleer arrived in the Royal Roads from the South yesterday to load lumber at New Westminster.

ENTERED.

Str. Charmer	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" City of Puebla	"	" "
" Walla Walla	"	San Francisco.
" Lorne	"	Departure Bay.
" R. P. Rithet	"	N. Westminster.
" Mischief	"	Quatsino.
" Coquitlam	"	Haddington Isld.
" Utopia	"	Everett.
" Evangel	"	Port Angeles.
" Warrimoo	"	Vancouver.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer	for	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" Walla Walla	"	" "
" Utopia	"	Blaine.
" City of Puebla	"	San Francisco.
" Princess Louise	"	N. Westminster.
" Warrimoo	"	Honolulu.
" Joan	"	Nanaimo.
" Mystery	"	N. Westminster.
Schr. Minnie	"	N. P. O.
" Enterprise	"	" "

SCHOOL TRUSTEE CAUCUSING.

To the Editor:—In Sunday's Colonist there is a report (how obtained it would be interesting to know) of the secret session held at the close of the last public meeting of the Board of School Trustees, when the alarming discovery was made that certain members of the board—namely, Trustees Marchant, Glover and Lewis—had been holding caucuses for the purpose of effecting some very radical changes in the teaching staffs of our schools. It is described as a hole-in-the-corner-dark-lantern method of doing business. Now, sir, since some person or persons who were at the above mentioned secret session must have given this information to the reporter, I take this means of placing the facts of the case truthfully before the public.

For a long time there has been a very evident feeling of unrest and dissatisfaction in Victoria West with the manner in which the school is conducted, and at almost every meeting of the board during the present term there have been requests from parents to be allowed to send their children to some other school. In view of all this Trustee Lewis at the regular meeting (I think in April) gave notice that he would at the next regular meeting of the board move that certain changes be made in the teaching staffs of our several schools. At the meeting in May Trustee Lewis was not prepared and asked for an extension of time, which was granted. Being prepared at our last meeting (held June 12), he moved in accordance with previous notice, and at the same time submitted a list of proposed changes which he had carefully prepared, and hoped it would meet the wishes of the board. Now, sir, I ask was there anything wrong about this? Was he not carrying out exactly what he had given notices of, and as there was no hard and fast line attached to the proposed changes, it was open to amendment and could have been dealt with at that time. But, instead of this, certain members of the board became alarmed, because some of the proposed changes affected some of their "particular friends and chums," and did not accord with their views, and at once declared that there had been a hole-in-the-corner caucus, into which they had not been taken; therefore, in their righteous indignation, they declared that they would have none of it. It is wonderful how spotlessly clean our hands and hearts become when we happen to run against something that does not just meet our views

It is stated that the meeting "broke up in a lively bit of a row." Though present I was not aware of this, unless the sudden determination of the alarmist party to adjourn could be so construed. They being in the majority, of course the meeting was adjourned without any action other than the appointment of J. N. Muir to a position on the Collegiate Institute staff. Now, sir, with reference to the charge that I was one of the dark lantern trio, I wish to state that I had nothing whatever to do with the framing of the list submitted by Trustee Lewis, though if I had I would not be ashamed of it, for, so far as I can judge, it was a fair and equitable adjustment of the staff. I was shown the list of proposed changes a few hours before the meeting, and did not know but every member of the board had seen it. Therefore I wish it distinctly understood that my actions as a trustee are at all times open to the fullest inspection.

George Glover,
Trustee.

June 17, 1895.

She Has Backache
Feels sore, aches with muscular Pains, and has just put on that Banisher of Backaches The D. & L. Menthol Plaster

J. McLachlan, Point au Chene, writes: Nothing better for Lame Back and Lumbago than the D. & L. Menthol Plaster.

A. E. MacLean writes from Windsor: "The D. & L. Menthol Plaster is curing Sore Backs and Rheumatism at a great rate in this vicinity."

25c. each in air-tight tin box.

BRITISH COLUMBIA QUARTZ.

To the Editor:—Having a few remarks to make in behalf of the mineral wealth of British Columbia, I choose your paper as the medium by which the greatest number of intelligent reading people may be reached. The mines and mining industries of British Columbia have been much slandered in the past; from time to time it has been said that quartz mining in British Columbia was not possible, as there was no quartz. A most plausible reason, if true; but that is a most gross misrepresentation, as not only do we find quartz of high and low grade, but in quantities beyond anything heretofore discovered in America. True, the greater part is low grade quartz, averaging from $2 75 to $16 50 per ton. It has been demonstrated to the entire satisfaction of every intelligent mining man that a low grade rock, mined at low cost and treated with the processes of the present day, is much more profitable than a higher grade rock mined at great cost. Of course the kickers, the old-time deep level miners, have doubts of this, but still the truth remains the same.

Africa has done much to demonstrate the practicability of working low grade quartz. The McArthur and Cyanide processes have made possible the working of extremely low grade rock at a profit. In the working of low grade propositions the chances of failure are reduced to a minimum, the distribution of gold being as a rule extremely even, not running to pockets and chimneys as in small lodes. There is a great similarity between the rock in the Treadwell, Cariboo, Big Bend and Yale districts. The formation of the latter is perfect; the slate and granite running in perfect contact for miles unbroken. We shall see not a few developments made this year, and in 1896 I say that British Columbia will be to the gold producing world what South Africa has been in 1893 and 1894, and when the tide is turned in this direction, and it is turning even now, then will we realize the inexhaustible mineral wealth of British Columbia. In the Yale district do we find our first signs of development. Lewis Stenger has three claims on Siwash creek that are beyond doubt far ahead of the far-famed Treadwell of Alaska; the property is under 30 day bond to a London syndicate for $150,000. The syndicate propose to build a stamp mill of 150 stamps and will employ a large force of men. There are also representatives of several Eastern and English syndicates on the ground with the intention of making developments. It looks very much as if Yale was going to see a revival of the days of the fifties.

Some years ago a Mr. Tilden, of Colorado, in the employ of Vancouver people, reported on formations in the Yale district. Now, in all fairness to Mr. Tilden, I will say that quite likely his stenographer, while compiling his reports, made a mistake, as he pronounces it a porphyry formation. Now, of course, he did not mean that, as Mr. Tilden never saw a piece of porphyry rock on Siwash creek, for never was there a stronger, solider and more reliable metamorphic formation than in this district. I say this in justice to this community, as already have we had too much of this kind of work. Think of a man reporting on an entire district in one day. It is very easy to stand on some little elevation and pronounce the mountain opposite a porphyry dyke, but it is quite another thing to substantiate such an assertion. I am sorry to say, as a citizen of the United States, that we are to a certain extent responsible for the report circulated in the past, but Africa experienced the same thing, and see where they are to-day—working rock that only assays $1 85 a ton, and paying large dividends to the stockholders. And this is to be the future of British Columbia. The natural advantages are much greater than those of Africa, and especially the fact that we have plenty of wood and water. The future of British Columbia is bright indeed.

Respectfully yours,
Carl P. Stanley.

New Whatcom, Wash., June 11.

The Genuine Merit

Of Hood Sarsaparilla wins friends wherever it is fairly and honestly tried. To have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and strength builder. It expels all taint of scrofula, salt rheum and all other humors, and at the same time builds up the whole system.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, 25c.

B.B.B.

Purifies, renovates and regulates the entire system, thus curing Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Dropsy and all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It also removes all impurities from the system from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

Now is the time to get your Ice Freezers at work; we can supply you with almost any size (if you are wanting one). Weller Bros. x

Sheet music, magazines and periodicals of all kinds neatly bound at moderate rates. All work guaranteed. The Colonist Bindery, Broad street and 74 Government street. .·.

"Britannia Rules The Waves."

We rule paper and manufacture blank books. Inspect our samples and get prices. The Colonist Bindery, Broad street and 74 Government street. .·.

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.

12 Horses.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reaper, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corralls, &c.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stove and Pipes, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, etc., etc.

This Property is within easy distance of many of the most important Gold, Silver and Coal Mines in West Kootenay. The soil is the best bottom land, and the locality is one of the few places in the Province where so large a piece of good farm land can be found in one block. A river runs through the property, and rainbow trout are plentiful and afford capital sport. Deer abound in considerable numbers. Bear, Wolf, Coyote and other large game are to be found in the hills. There are two creeks recorded and belonging to the estate, one flows all the year round. Limestone and brick clay are to be had in the valley.

The Cattle are well bred; a much larger herd could be farmed with the place. The bunch grass on the hills in the vicinity covers many thousands of acres, and is available to the few land owners in the valleys.

The Climate is not severe, the station was for many years the winter quarters of the H. B. Co.'s pack trains.

The Title is Crown Grant. Immediate possession can be given.

The South West Kootenay and Osoyoos Divisions of Yale District, British Columbia, judging from the actual ore products of the mines to date, are destined in the next year or two to be the richest and most important mineral centres in the world.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188. TELEPHONE NO. 74.

That purchasers of our Matches may secure entire freedom from misrepresentations and from stubstitutions, E. B. EDDY'S name appears on every box.

There should be therefore no mistake about getting the best.

J. MITCHELL, AGENT,
VICTORIA.

B.C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co., Ltd.

IN LIQUIDATION.

By order of the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, dated the 30th day of April, 1895, notice is hereby given that the assets and property of the above named company will be sold by public auction as a going concern, subject to a mortgage securing $17,500 and interest as therein mentioned, and also subject to the approval of the Supreme Court, on Saturday, the 20th day July, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, at the offices of the company, 44 Government street, Victoria.

This is a good opportunity for investors as the plant (established in September, 1891,) is in perfect working order and condition and the pottery is the only establishment of the kind in the Province. The site and plant, situate at Constance Cove, Esquimalt, and other assets of the company have been valued at $56,000 by a competent valuator.

Further particulars may be ascertained from the undersigned at the offices of the company, or at the offices of Hunter & Duff, solicitors, 21 Bastion street, Victoria.

A. F. BARHAM,
Official Liquidator.

je9-tf

Insure your plate glass. Mellor. *

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase)	£600,000	$2,920,000
RESERVE	£235,000	$1,143,666

HEAD OFFICE - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET LONDON, ENGLAND.

BRANCHES:

In British Columbia—Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops and Nelson (Kootenay Lake.)

In the United States—San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia, and Union Bank of Canada. **In United States**—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York, Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. **In Australia and New Zealand**—Bank of Australasia. **In Honolulu**—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Gold Dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

MARVELOUS LINIMENT AND MIXTURE

Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 17, 1893.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

Gentlemen,—Was troubled with rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvelous Rheumatic Cure.

A. McNEILL,
New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman,
Victoria, British Columbia,

Dear Sirs,—Had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvelous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days.

GEORGE SCHMIDT,
Steitz Restaurant.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists,

Gentlemen,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvelous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the Liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work.

Yours very thankfully,
S. NORMAN,
48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN

SOLE AGENTS,

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, no14 Victoria, B. C.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Notice is hereby given that from and after THURSDAY, the 11th instant, the hours for keeping the Public Library open will be from 11 a.m. to 12 noon, from 2. p.m. to 5 p.m., and from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m., each day of the week, Sundays excepted. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C.
April 2nd., 1895. ap3-

HANG WO HING KEE,

Importers and dealers in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods

NO. 31 CORMORANT STREET

P.O. BOX 832. no20 VICTORIA B. C.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

52 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

**

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

PAPER CUTTER KNIVES

and KNIVES OF PLANING MACHINES up to 60 inches in length can be ground on an AUTOMATIC KNIFE GRINDING MACHINE in the Engine Room of The Colonist Office.

WHITE RAGS WANTED.

Three cents a pound will be paid for clean cotton rags at this office.

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) ..... $ 2 00
Six months 1 25
Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable *strictly in advance.*

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:

More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

Not more than one week, 30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50

Births, Marriages and Deaths, $1.00; funeral notices, 50 cents extra.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

BRITAIN'S CHARACTER VINDICATED.

Very many people believe that England at one time went to war with China in order to force its Government to admit British grown opium into its ports. To very many of Her Majesty's subjects, both in Great Britain and the Colonies, this is considered an undeniable truth, and Great Britain has been inveighed against from hundreds of pulpits and platforms for the iniquitous conduct of its government.

Well, the reproach is undeserved. Great Britain never at any time attempted to force opium into China at the bayonet's point or the cannon's mouth. The London Times, in an article which ought to be read carefully by every Briton who has the reputation of his country at heart, proves to a demonstration that the accusation made, no doubt in the first instance by an enemy of Great Britain and the British, and repeated by thousands of well meaning persons who bewailed the wickedness and the greed of the rulers of the nation, is utterly without foundation.

"Last week," says the Times, "we showed from the unimpeachable evidence of Dr. Edkins, one of the most learned scholars of our time, and during forty years a missionary in China, that the British nation had nothing whatever to do with the introduction of opium into China. Opium was an authorized import into China, and was largely grown in China, long before the East India Company came into existence. It had been a recognized source of revenue in the Chinese Customs books for two centuries before that Company took the Bengal export of opium into its own hands. We showed that until 1822 the import of opium into China had been carried on with the open concurrence of her responsible representatives on the coast. From 1822 onwards to 1839 it was conducted under official arrangements made by her representatives. In 1837-39 China adopted a hostile attitude to the 'foreign devils' of Englishmen; and the opium import, which was supposed to be the cause of draining silver out of China, was rigorously prohibited. The merchants replied by offering to import no more opium if such was the Imperial will. The surrender of all opium in their possession was demanded. Our Minister at once directed the surrender of all opium in British possession, and within 14 days 20,283 chests were handed to the Chinese Commissioner. Thus promptly was the matter dealt with on our side, when once the prohibition was seriously declared; still no claim was made for compensation. The opium question was disposed of by absolute submission on our part. In 1838 Lord Palmerston plainly told the merchants that they must obey. 'Her Majesty's Government,' he wrote, 'cannot interfere for the purpose of enabling British subjects to violate the laws of the country in which they trade. Any loss, therefore, which such persons suffer in consequence of the more effectual execution of Chinese laws on this subject must be borne by the parties who have brought that loss on themselves by their own acts.' This despatch alone suffices to refute the charge that England forced opium on China.

"But it does not stand alone; nor did the opium interdict stand alone in the aggressive measures of China. It soon became clear that the opium prohibition merely formed one move in a deliberate policy to drive 'the foreign devils' from the Chinese ports. After insulting and imprisoning our envoy, poisoning the water supply and perpetrating various fantastical outrages, the Chinese Commissioner issued a proclamation, which amounted to a declaration of war, on December 6, 1839. His whole policy being thus made clear, the opium was afterwards included in the compensation demanded. In August, 1842, China was reduced to sign the treaty of Nankin. That treaty contained no stipulation for the admission of opium. The only reference to opium in it deals with compensation for the opium delivered in March, 1839, 'as a ransom for the lives of Her Britannic Majesty's superintendent and subjects who had been imprisoned and threatened with death by the Chinese high officials.'"

The tariff under the treaty of Nankin, we are told, contains no reference to opium, nor does the supplementary treaty of October, 1843, contain any stipulation with regard to opium. Nothing seems to have been done with regard to the drug. Its importation was not legalized, neither was a stop put to it, and Sir John Davis, in 1847, stated that opium had utterly ceased to be a source of irritation since the war. Not an edict was issued against it and the drug was openly carried about the streets in broad day and sold like any other article. The Times denominates the accusation of England's forcing opium on China in 1842-43 a myth. The next war with China, in 1857, had nothing whatever to do with opium. The story about England's going to war with China because the Chinese would not allow opium from India to be imported into their country is like a hundred other historical myths. It has been repeated so often by men who had not taken the trouble to inquire into the facts of the dispute with China that it came to be believed that it was the undoubted truth. And when the truth is told at last the believers in the story are incredulous. We venture to say that people supposed to be good and having the best intentions will go on repeating this historical lie as boldly and as confidently as if its baselessness and its falsity had not been exposed. It is really astonishing to observe how little weight persons who have a hobby to ride or a fad to recommend to the public attach to the strongest evidence and to the plainest and best authenticated facts. Lovers of truth, however, should, as often as they hear this opium story repeated to Great Britain's discredit, promptly contradict it. It should be no longer permitted to pass current unquestioned. It is not true and it should not be permitted to circulate as truth. The man who after this retails it, no matter how high a position he may hold or how sacred his calling, should be promptly told that it is a "myth," or in more forcible English "a lie."

NEW ZEALAND'S LAND POLICY.

It is said that the people of New Zealand have adopted Henry George's system, and that single tax has made great progress in that colony. The principle on which George's system is based is the abolition of the private ownership of land. The land is to be taken from those who at the time claim to own it, without compensation to the extent of a single cent. It follows that under the Georgian system the Government could not sell land. Those who cultivate it or use it in any other way must pay the single tax to the Government as long as they hold it, but it cannot by any possibility become their *property*. The Government of New Zealand buys land from its owners and it sells it again to bona fide settlers and cultivators, so that its land system is not that of Henry George. It buys land and it sells land, consequently its land tenure is not communistic.

The Hon. J. G. Ward, the Treasurer of the colony, when in England lately made this clear. In an address which he delivered before the Royal Colonial Institute, he was careful to assure his hearers that the confiscation of land was no part of the policy of the Government of New Zealand. After telling his hearers that the Customs revenue of New Zealand amounted to $8,000,000, and that the revenue derived from land and income tax together was $1,900,000, he went on to say:

At any rate I wish to tell you this: the Ministry of the country have never said to any man that he must hand over his estate at a particular price to the Government. The idea does exist in the minds of some people that under pressure or force this can be done by the Government. I tell you in this nineteenth century no government in our country could attempt to do such a thing. If they attempted to force people to hand over what belongs to them against their better judgment and at prices not satisfactory to them no government would be able to continue in office in New Zealand, democratic as it is said to be, for very long.

In another part of his address he explained: "The cardinal principle of taxation in the colony is that people should pay in proportion to their means." This is not the principle of single tax nor anything like it. It is possible that the single tax system may some day be adopted by the Government of New Zealand, but they have not yet adopted it, and, according to the Treasurer of the Colony, they are not likely soon to do so.

CHEERFUL ACCOUNTS.

The newspapers of the East of both parties tell their readers that good times are coming, that in fact they have come already. They cheerfully point to the many indications observable of reviving trade. The Toronto Globe, to the disgust, no doubt, of many of the blue-ruin Grits, says: "All the signs point to the return of good times in Canada. Prosperity is returning to our best customers. In 1894 our total foreign trade was $230,618,932, and of this $107,256,123 is put down to Great Britain, and $88,844,000 to the United States. Whatever affects the prosperity of these two countries, in which we find the principal markets for our products, must affect Canada. In both these are signs of a revival of business, and in the United States the improvement is extensive and widespread."

The Montreal Gazette is equally cheerful and hopeful. It says: "The signs of reviving trade multiply with the revolving weeks, and the evidences of permanency in the recuperation are becoming more and more numerous. The period of mere anticipation of better business in the near future has passed, and the better business itself has come. It has come in the shape of heavier railway traffic, of expanding bank note circulation, of rising prices of staple commodities, of increasing clearing house returns, of larger imports of foreign merchandise, of a growing output of domestic manufactures and products, of a decline in the number of insolvencies. Any one of these factors might excite belief that the commercial dullness of the last year or two was drawing to a close, but when all occur simultaneously the conclusion that the upward course has again been entered upon is not strained. Take as an example the facts supplied by last week. The returns of British and foreign trade during the month of May show an increase of imports of £620,000 sterling and an increase of exports of £860,000 sterling as compared with the corresponding period last year. The gain is considerable in itself, but better than that it is unusual, a welcome change from a long series of declining returns. In the United States, according to Dun & Co., the tide of business is rising, even as it was falling the past two years ago, with surprising rapidity." Our Montreal contemporary keeps up this cheerful strain to the close of a long article.

The most desponding must be encouraged by these cheerful accounts coming from all quarters and from both parties. At home, too, the business prospect is brightening. The accounts from the different mining centres alone show that there is a good time coming for British Columbia, and if times get better in the East and in the South the wave of prosperity must in the nature of things reach this coast and this province.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

GREAT interest is now taken in British Columbia by our fellow-subjects in the East. They are beginning to be convinced that what they have heard of the mineral wealth of the province is within the truth. We see by the Montreal Gazette that Sir William Van Horne has had a good word to say about the resources of Cariboo and Kootenay. Our conviction is that the half has not yet been told. British Columbia is richer in minerals than has hitherto been supposed, and in her deep sea fisheries she has a greater and even a more certain source of wealth than in her mountains and gulches.

Are you all tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved of all these by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

First prize at World's Fair, Flor de Vallen cigars, at Harry Salmon's. x

Carpenters' tools at Cheapside.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

(INCORPORATED 1890.)

The fifth annual meeting of the donors and subscribers to the institution will be held in the City Hall, on Friday, the 28th June, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

Business: Receiving the annual report of the President and Directors, and the Treasurer's statement for the year ending 31st May, 1895, likewise the election of directors.

The four following directors retire, but are eligible for re-election: J. S. Yates, Joshua Davies, William M. Chudley, and Alexander Wilson.

Donors and subscribers can vote for four members only. The City Council nominate five (5), the local Government three (3), and the French Benevolent Society three (3), making a total of fifteen (15) directors.

All donors of money and subscribers are eligible to vote for the election of directors.

H. M. YATES, Secretary.

Care Yates & Jay, Bastion street.
Victoria, B.C., 10th June, 1895. je11-17t

RECIPE—For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.

Adams' Root Beer Extract...One Bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast.....Half a Cake
Sugar.....Two Pounds
Lukewarm Water.....Two Gallons.

Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle; put in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice when it will open sparkling and delicious.

The root beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 and 25 cent bottles to make two and five gallons.

mr5 t t s

WE BEG TO CALL

The attention of the teachers and friends of our school children that we are constantly adding to our stock of books. Suitable for prizes.

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.

SOLID SILVER WALTHAM STEM-WIND WATCHES.. $8.50

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

68½ YATES STREET,

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap4

M. G. BLANCHARD, V. S.,
Graduate of Montreal Veterinary College,
Dominion Veterinary Inspector,
Office, Victoria Transfer Stables, Telphone 129, Residence 56 Michigan St. Telephone 110. fe1-6m

HYDROX

A distilled and filtered drinking water, free from all impurities. Delivered in 5 gallon glass bottles in Victoria. PRICE 25 CENTS.

ICE Manufactured from Hydrox.

B.C. Cold Storage & Ice Co.,
my15 VICTORIA.

A SUCCESS FROM THE START!
THE SALE IN FULL BLAZE NOW!

People Storm Our Store!

ALL DELIGHTED WITH OUR LOW PRICES!

42 Suits Sold Yesterday! 38 Pr. Pants Sold Yesterday!

RULE 1—A1 FIT.
RULE 2—BEST WORKMANSHIP.
RULE 3—THE BEST OF TRIMMINGS.

THIS IS THE GREATEST SACRIFICE 40 PER CENT. REDUCTION SALE EVER KNOWN IN VICTORIA, AND WILL LAST FOR 30 DAYS.

During this Sale our store will remain open till 9:30 o'clock every evening. The poor man can now dress as well as the rich at

GEO. R. JACKSON'S

Merchant Tailor Store, 57 Government Street, Victoria, B.C. Our low prices will remain for a long time engraved in the memory of those who will be fortunate enough to take advantage of them. That our low prices in this great Sacrifice Sale are the emblems of justice, and that we do strictly as advertised, one glimpse at our low prices will lead you to the conviction that we state the truth. We are now beyond the possibility of a dispute the fountain head of low prices in the city of Victoria; likewise more determined now than ever before to be the leader of fashion and the regulator of low prices. In this great Sacrifice Sale we recognize the one thing, namely, that all our Woollens must go regardless of cost, as we need money

AND MONEY WE MUST HAVE.

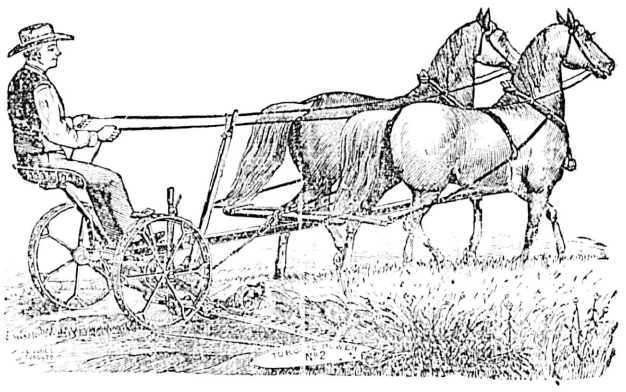
In conclusion, kind reader, we extend to you a visit of inspection as this will convince you we mean business. Remember this Sale will last for 30 days at

GEO. R. JACKSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
57 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR **IMPERIAL SHADES**
CHEAPEST. STRONGEST. BEST.
MENZIE, TURNER & CO., SHADE MANUFACTURERS TO THE TRADE, TORONTO.
Sold by all Reliable Dealers.

E. G. PRIOR & CO

LIMITED LIABILITY.



Have for sale this season the following celebrated machines:

Toronto Mowers and Hay Tedders, | Sharp's Sulky Rakes,
Osborne Mowers and Hay Tedders, | A Full Line of Hay-Making Tools,

ALSO A COMPLETE STOCK OF SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE. PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LD.,
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER AND KAMLOOPS.

FINE ART . . . .

IN **Brussels Carpets**

(Of John Crossley Sons & Co.'s make.)

THE LATEST COLORS ARE

Olive on Fawn, Cream on French Blue, Brown on Olive, Persian Effects. . .

A SPLENDID LINE OF HEARTH RUGS { In all sizes, colors and designs to suit the Carpets.

WEILER BROS.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION —OF— HORSES.

Under instructions from the B.C. Market Co., who are replacing their driving horses and others, we will sell at our salerooms on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 2 P.M.

A number of well broken Horses, ride or drive; also Buggy, **Elegant Family Horse**, sound and quiet, Phaeton and harness, a very desirable outfit. Further particulars Tuesday morning.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
fe12 Leading Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE —OF— Well Kept Furniture,

In Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co.'s Sale Rooms on

THURSDAY, JUNE 20th, AT 2 P.M.

Particulars Wednesday morning.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
je16-2t Leading Auctioneers.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

AUCTION —OF— 640 Acres at Goldstream,

(Being Sec. 18, Goldstream District.)

ON WEDNESDAY JUNE 26th, at 11 A.M.

At the Real Estate Salerooms of Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co., Broad St.

This is a very valuable property, a great part of it being heavily timbered with fine cedar, hemlock and fir. Some portion of it is only lightly timbered, very fine bottom land, and on the water. The attention of lumbermen and investors generally, is asked to this sale.

Terms at sale.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
je13 Leading Auctioneers.

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

OFFICE AND SALESROOMS, - - - 37 AND 39 YATES ST.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

WM. T. HARDAKER,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER,

—WILL—

Sell your Household Furniture or Stocks of any description on Commission, or Buy them Outright to any Amount.

Consult me before disposing of your goods.

Nos. 77, 79 and 81 Douglas Street.
All business strictly confidential.
a11

VALUABLE

BUSINESS :: PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Proposals are invited up to June 16th, for the purchase of

Lots 2 and 3, Block 14, Victoria Crescent, Nanaimo,

With the buildings thereon, known as the Identical Saloon, Barber Shop, Fruit Stand, Shoemaker shop and large Store now occupied by W. M Langton, subject to certain leasehold rights, particulars of which can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

Proposals can be made for any portion or portions or for the whole, but the highest or any proposal not necessarily accepted.

DONALD SMITH, Agent,
Commercial St., Nanaimo.
Nanaimo, May 16th, 1895. my21

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Public notice is hereby given that by virtue of Writs of Fi Fa. issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, in the suits of D. A. Robertson vs. Frank S. Aikawa and John Cunningham vs. Frank S. Aikawa, to recover the sum of $179 09½, together with Sheriff's poundage, officer's fees, and all other legal incidental expenses, I have seized and will sell by Public Auction at Georgetown, in the District of Cassiar, for cash to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock noon of Monday, June 24th, 1895, the steamer Yamato, of Fort Simpson, as she now lies at the Georgetown Mills.

Description of steamer Yamato: Length of keel, 47 feet; beam, 13 feet; depth of hold, 7 feet. Horizontal boiler; compound tandem engine of 18 horse power; also two anchors, chains, etc., etc.

JNO. FLEWIN,
je13 10t Bailiff for Sheriff Drake, Nanaimo.

SPECIAL NOTICE

CAMPBELL & CO.

Have just received another large shipment of Woollens (direct from Europe) which, owing to the large increase in their business since moving to their new premises, cor. Broad St. and Trounce Ave., they will offer at prices lower than ever.

For Nobby Irish, Scotch and English Suitings, Black Worsteds, English and Irish Serges, Fancy Trouserings, Vestings, etc., Campbell & Co. offer the best, most varied and complete selections ever shown in Victoria.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED. je6 tf

FARMERS' PICNIC

SOUTH SAANICH.

The Annual Picnic will be held in the Agricultural Park

ON MONDAY, 1ST JULY

Beginning at 10 o'clock a.m. Lunch will be provided at 50 cents. Dancing and games. Good music.

Admission Free, and Everyone is Invited.
je11-td

S. C. BURRIS,

ARCHITECT,

Room 21, Board of Trade Building. my19-1m

SUITS! SUITS! SUITS!

BEST VALUES.
LOWEST PRICES.

English Serge Suits ...$5.00, $6.75, $9.00
Fine Tweed Suits..... 6.00, 7.50, 10.00
Boys' School Suits..... 1.50, 1.60, 2.00

B. WILLIAMS & CO. CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS, 97 JOHNSON STREET.

AUCTION SALES.

June 18—Close consignment. Joshua Davies.
June 19—Horses, etc. H. Cuthbert & Co.
June 26—Real Estate. H. Cuthbert & Co.

THE CITY.

THERE was no session of the city police court yesterday.

THE temperance drama "The Last Loaf" will be repeated at Semple's hall on Saturday next.

PRIDE of the Ridge lodge, I.O.G.T., celebrated its anniversary with a specially interesting musical and literary programme yesterday evening.

WILLIAM GOOD, aged 28, a stoker on the flagship Royal Arthur, died at the Naval hospital at midnight Sunday. He will be given a naval funeral to-morrow.

THE sewerage commissioners and the city council had an important conference yesterday morning in regard to contractors' claims. No decision was arrived at, however.

A FINE silver cup has been presented by Mr. T. Smith, captain of the ladies' archery club in connection with the Companions of the Forest, for the best average made by members of the club for the season.

THE agricultural department is keeping a keen eye on the imports of fruit so as to prevent the introduction of pests from outside places. Yesterday twenty-two boxes of this season's crop of California apples shipped here were found on examination to be very badly infected with codlin moth larvæ, and as a consequence were condemned.

GEORGE BRIDGES, who received severe injuries not long ago by being thrown from one of the corporation watering carts, one wheel of which passed over him, was reported slightly better last night. It was found necessary, after a consultation, to amputate one leg, and the operation was performed last Saturday. The doctors now have hopes that he may recover.

SNEAK thieves are growing bolder, especially in the James Bay district. Garden hose if left out over night is all but certain to disappear; one resident mourns the loss of a lawn mower, and another is out of pocket the price of a rake and a hoe. From which it appears that the thieves are determined to have all the implements and apparatus for gardening without buying anything.

THERE is a treat in store for those who attend the concert at Beacon Hill to-morrow evening. The Garrison Artillery band now numbers 23 men, the latest addition being Mr. J. F. Rausch, a clarinettist of exceptional ability; Mr. Rausch will make his first appearance, as a soloist, at this concert. The programme also contains solos by Mr. Wales (euphonium) and Mr. Wilkerson (glockenspeil). Rossini's masterpiece, "The Barber of Seville," will be played for the first time by local musicians.

THE somewhat celebrated case of Ward v. Clark came up for trial yesterday before Mr. Justice Drake. This is an action by Robert Ward & Co., Ltd., against John Clark, sr., John Clark, jr., and Isaac Hennigar to set aside as fraudulent two judgments for $3,400 and $3 800 obtained by J. Clark, jr., and I. Hennigar respectively, against John Clark, sr., the plaintiffs, Robert Ward & Co., Ltd., being judgment creditors for about $10,000. Hon. Mr. Pooley, Q C., appeared for plaintiffs; Mr. A. L. Belyea for the defendants J. Clark, jr., and Hennigar; H. E. A. Robertson for defendant J. Clark, sr. At the conclusion of the plaintiffs' case, judgment for a nonsuit as against Hennigar was given. The evidence for the other defendants was not finished yesterday, the case being adjourned till this morning.

DAVID CHRISTIE MURRAY, the eminent novelist, who is at present staying at Esquimalt, is known to nearly every lover of fiction by one or more of the charming books he has given to the world. Mr. Murray not only ranks as one of the most forceful and polished of stylists, but is assuredly one of the most prolific writers of his day. No fewer than thirty of his stories have already been published, while a new volume, "The Martyred Fool," is being issued by Messrs. Harper & Brothers, of New York, during the present week. But prolific as his work has been, for in addition to his novels he has contributed largely to the magazines, acted as special correspondent for the Daily News and London Times and edited several of the London society journals, his experiences outside the world of letters have been so varied and full that they alone would serve to fill the ordinary measure of a busy man's lifetime. Possibly the most interesting period of his career was when acting as special commissioner for the Times during the Russo-Turkish war. His experiences with the Turkish army, which he accompanied throughout the campaign, were of a very trying but deeply absorbing character. He was an eye-witness of the horrible atrocities perpetrated in Bulgaria and was the only English journalist who entered Plevna during the siege. He may be said to have warmed both hands at the fire of experience and has assuredly led a life of extraordinary change and vivacity. Mr. Murray's "talk" on Thursday evening should prove deeply interesting, for amongst his other gifts he possesses the power of oratory in a marked degree, and is described as the prince of racontours.

DEPUTY Collector E. C. Smith has instituted a war upon the unlicensed whiskey sellers of Chinatown.

THE regular meeting of the Natural History Society was held last evening. Only routine business was transacted, and an adjournment was made until July 8.

MESSRS. McGregor, Anderson, Smith and Emerson left yesterday morning for the Kootenay country to prosecute surveys for the Lands and Works department.

A GOOD programme, with an abundance of strawberries and cream, will be given by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's church, Victoria West, at their social in the church this evening.

PROVINCIAL constables McKenna and Seeley have left for the West Coast with the patrol sloop Ariel, recently secured for a service that will be of much practical benefit to all residents of the district to be visited.

MRS. C. H. JACKSON, who now conducts the Balmoral hotel, has made arrangements which are expected to add to the comforts of this popular stopping place and to secure for it a good share of the best class of custom.

AN entertainment in celebration of the anniversary of Fernwood lodge, I.O.G.T., was given in Oddfellows' hall, Spring Ridge, last evening by the members of H.M.S. Hyacinth, and was well attended. An excellent programme was provided.

THE Ladies' Guild of St. John's church are arranging for an afternoon excursion to Ganges Harbor, Salt Spring Island, on Saturday June 29. The steamer R. P. Rithet will be brought into service for the trip and the outing promises to be a very pleasurable one.

YESTERDAY before the registrar the rejected ballots of the last Cowichan-Alberni election were inspected by Mr. F. B. Gregory, acting for Mr. Huff, and Mr. L. Crease, acting for Mr. Wood. The date of the trial of the action has not yet been fixed.

ON Sunday in St. Andrew's church Rev. Father Nicolaye announced that a decree had been received from Rome providing that Roman Catholics cannot join the Knights of Pythias, Odd Fellows and Sons of Temperance. Those Catholics who are still in the order may remain such, but cannot attend meetings or take part in public demonstrations.

A CONSIGNMENT of over a score of lambs arrived by the Victoria & Sidney railway yesterday from Sidney. They were imported from the island of San Juan and entered for duty at the recently established port of entry at Sidney under Mr. Collector White. It is expected that during the rest of the season considerable trade will be carried on by this route from San Juan.

BOX No. 8, sounded at 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning, called the fire department to No. 4 Rendall street, where a lively blaze was found in the home of Andrew Fairful. Water was soon laid on and in a short time the damage was over. The house and workshop which adjoins suffered considerably, but all the furniture and household effects were saved. The loss is estimated at $500 and the insurance is placed as follows: $200 on the workshop and $1,000 on the house. The probable cause was hot ashes placed too near the building.

MR. MARTIN, of San Francisco, is in Victoria representing an engineering firm operating the Halliday aerial tramway patent. His company has secured the contract for the erection of a tramway at the Hall Mines, Kootenay. The system is operated on the endless chain principle elevated to almost any desired height. The company is having over four and a half tons of washers and bolts made by the Albion Iron Works here, and about one hundred tons of iron work will be shipped from San Francisco. Mr. Martin, who is an old resident of Victoria, left for the Kootenay this morning to undertake the work at the Silver King, which is to be completed in three months.

"His talk was in an informal, persuading style, and consisted almost entirely of personal reminiscences.—'Tis just a series of vivid pictures, a beautiful thought, a bright idea, a glint of tears, a gleam of sunshine, and when you go away your mind is freshly toned—charged, as it were, from his electric mind.'—No storm could be too severe to keep away those to whom Mr. Murray has endeared himself in the two evenings he has already given us, and last night found Association Hall well filled. Mr. Murray's sympathetic voice was at its best, and moved his audience almost to tears with some tender, pathetic bit of verse, or made them laugh with him at some rollicking ballad, or a humorous incident in his journalistic career in parliament."—Boston Advertiser, October 27, 1894. Mr. Murray is announced to give a talk in the A O U.W. Hall, on Thursday evening next. x

Cheap Lumber.

For a few days lumber will be almost given away at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard. Place your orders before it is too late. G. C. Mesher, proprietor. x

A RISE IN WHAT?

A Rise in Flour.

But if you want the Best Results in Bread Making,
No other Brand will Rise like

KEEWATIN FLOUR

USE NO OTHER je16

LATE STYLES! LOW PRICES!

LARGEST STOCK IN THE CITY.

SUMMER SUITS---MEN'S AND BOYS'.
TENNIS AND BOATING SUITS.
FANCY SHIRTS AND NECKWEAR
STRAW AND FELT HATS
UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY

W. & J. WILSON, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Difference of Opinion Produces a Minority Report on Filter Beds Tenders.

At Last a Caretaker Is Chosen for the Old Men's Home.

At last night's council meeting a letter from Lieut.-Col. Prior, M.P., was read, promising hearty co-operation with Mr. Earle, M.P., in pressing upon the Dominion government the necessity of taking over the Darcy island lazaretto.

The Deputy Attorney-General drew attention to the references in the presentment of the grand jury at the last assizes, particularly to the bad drainage, and also to the Chinese gaming houses in the city. It was referred to the police commissioners.

An invitation from the city of Vancouver to attend the Dominion Day celebration and a Fourth of July invitation from Seattle were accepted.

The Sewerage Commissioners reported the following resolution adopted at the recent meeting between the city council and the commissioners: "That the Sewerage Commissioners be requested to award on a computation of the cost of rock per cubic yard according to quantities taken out by the City Engineer on contracts 1 to 7 both inclusive, without reference to the figures contained in any tender for any sewerage contract, and on that basis to settle with the contractors in full of all demands." This was filed.

The agricultural association wanted the city electric light wires extended to the grounds, and asked for the use of the buildings for the forthcoming exhibition.

The buildings were granted and the electric light committee instructed to see whether a wire could be run to the ground.

The School Board wanted to know what the council were doing about the board's recommendation to start a night school. A reply will be sent that the matter is under consideration.

Residents of North Chatham street complained that they had not sufficient water for irrigation.

A motion of Ald. McMillan that the commissioner be requested to see if more time could be given in that ward for irrigation was carried.

M. Miller resigned as representative to the agricultural association.

A report was received from the city engineer that the best way to connect the new parliament buildings with the sewers was to extend the permanent sewers from Maclure street, at a cost of approximately $5,800. Referred to the sewer and street committees to report.

W. S. Gore, deputy commissioner of lands and works, drew attention to a petition from Tolmie avenue residents for street improvements, and stated that though it was agreed that the council and the government would each spend $500 on the road, the city had failed to carry out its part of the agreement The street committee will look into the matter.

D. Cartmel did not consider that the city council's resolution to allow him at the rate of only $125 a month was just.

On Ald. Williams' motion it was decided to inform Mr. Cartmel that the city had made him the best offer possible.

Supt. Hutcheson reported that the electric plant would be all ready for testing by the 22nd inst. He also reported that some of the arms put up by Mr. Stickels were badly bent and should be replaced. This was adopted.

There were sixty applicants for the positions of lamp trimmer to the electric light department. Henry Jewell and Fred Widdowson were elected.

Cedar Hill road residents asked for a fire hydrant. Referred to the fire wardens.

Among the reports was one from the finance committee recommending that the council refuse to subscribe $150 to help make up the deficit on the ball to the Governor-General. This was carried.

The electric light committee reported that the total cost of the city's new electric light plant was $45,000, and recommended placing $15,000 insurance at rates as to building of 1½ per cent; electric plant, 2 per cent; boilers and engines, 1½ per cent. It was resolved to take out $10,000 insurance.

R Dunsmuir & Sons tendered for coal for two years at $2 75 a ton.

The streets committee recommended that R. Plows be given the contract for crossings, except Douglas street, which was recommended to go to Luker & Dier. The committee reported that Mr. Sorby's claim for the causeway be not entertained.

The special committee reported recommending that the contract for the construction of the filter beds, reservoirs, cofferdam, etc., at Beaver lake, be awarded to Walkley, King & Casey.

A minority report signed by Ald. Williams and Wilson recommended that the contract be awarded to John Haggarty, the lowest tenderer. Mr. Haggarty's tender is $16,000 lower than the other.

ALD MACMILLAN urged that the work be done by day labor instead of contract.

ALD WILLIAMS was quite willing to second Ald. Macmillan, as he believed the city was in a good position to do the work that way.

Ald. Partridge wanted the report laid over.

Ald. Macmillan's day labor motion was lost, he and Ald. Williams only voting for it.

It was decided to meet at half-past two on Wednesday afternoon to award the contract.

A fire wardens' report, signed by Ald. Wilson and Bragg, recommended that the action of Chief Deasy in suspending McNeill be endorsed; also in the appointment of Thomas Hodges as tillerman; and that 250 feet of hose be placed at the Jubilee hospital.

In a minority report Ald. Partridge stated that the chairman of the committee had failed to carry out the procedure by-law as he had not reported to the council appointments of substitutes and suspensions in the fire department as required by the by-law. The reports were laid over.

Thomas Henderson was elected caretaker of the Old Men's Home, and the council adjourned at 11:15.

LADIES

Who Contemplate buying a

BICYCLE

Cannot do better than get a Ladies'

CRESCENT.

Call and see our new ones, just received. No better or prettier Ladies' Mount in the city.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,
64 GOVERNMENT STREET.

J. H. WARNER & CO,
PLUMBERS Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.
Sewer Connections a Specialty.
mr17-1mo. 106 Yates St., Victoria, B.C. P.O. Box 359.

THE managers of the British Columbia Protestant Orphans' Home thankfully acknowledge the receipt of $350 in aid of the pressing wants of this institution, kindly collected from the citizens of Nanaimo by Mr. S M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal Company there. The list contains the names of 245 contributors.

THERE was not a very large attendance at the social and dance given by the Daughters of St. George in the Sir William Wallace hall last evening, but those present were well entertained. After a capital programme had been gone through very creditably refreshments were served, and a dance to the music of the Bantly family orchestra followed.

MR. JAMES A. COHEN, a well known resident of the city, lies at the point of death at his residence, 177 Chatham street. The cause is shrouded in mystery as Mr. Cohen has not regained consciousness and of course has not been able to throw any light on the matter. So far as could be learned Mr. Cohen had been suffering with cramps for several days, and had also complained of his head. Mrs. Cohen was out on Saturday evening, and when she returned he had retired. In the morning she attempted to arouse him but failed, and becoming alarmed she sent for Dr. Crompton who saw at a glance that his patient was near to death's door and needing assistance sent for Dr. Frank Hall. Together the two worked for a long time using every method known to medical science to restore Mr. Cohen but with no success. The case is a most difficult one and fairly baffles the physicians. They found that not only was there evidence of opium poisoning, but also some trouble in the head. All day Sunday Mr. Cohen remained in a comatose condition. Yesterday he revived for a few minutes, but soon lost consciousness again. At 11 o'clock last night Dr. Crompton and Dr. O. M. Jones held a consultation, but nothing new was developed. At an early hour this morning Mr. Cohen was very weak and seemed to his attendants to be sinking. The physicians do not express the slightest hope.

Geo. R. Jackson's sacrifice sale is the talk of the town; the low prices, coupled with the largest assortment of the leading lines of woolens in the world, are what draw the crowds of people such as thronged his store all day yesterday. x

Promenade concert and strawberry festival, given by ladies' auxiliary Jubilee Hospital, at the A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates street, on Saturday, June 22nd, 1895, from 8 till 11 p.m. Tickets 25 cents. x

Fourth of July.

For the grand fourth of July celebrations at Seattle and Tacoma on July 4 and 5, the steamer City of Kingston has made special rates of $1 50 to Seattle and return, and $2 to Tacoma and return. Tickets will be sold on July 3, good to return on July 6. For tickets call at the N.P.R.R. office, Adelphi Building, Government st. x

Fishing tackle—rods, flies, casts—a complete stock from England, at Fox's, 78 Government street. +

Merchants who wish special ruling, etc., on their blank books, should inspect the line of samples of home industry at The Colonist Bindery.

For a nice glass of cool beer or iced drinks call at Adelphi corner. M.C. Brown.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Several complaints of inferior quality of Rolled Oats have of late reached us. We therefore beg to state that we are only responsible for quality of goods put up in 7-lb., 22½ lb., 45-lb. and 90-lb. sacks and branded with our name.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO, Limited Liability. x

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Drink Excelsior XXX English Ale and Lager Beer. It is the best.

Camping parties can be fitted out at Weller Bros., with everything necessary for camping. x

HOLIDAY WEEK.

PARASOLS, SUNSHADES, ETC, for Ladies and Children at greatly reduced prices. These warm days set folks athinking that it is time to don their lighter garments. LADIES' BLOUSES, WAISTS, UNDERWEAR, ETC, will be sold on this festive occasion at prices that buyers will appreciate. HERMSDORF DYE LISLE AND COTTON HOSIERY of superior quality, and prices right.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
THE WESTSIDE.

We Can Save You Money

LARGEST STOCK IN THE CITY.

—IN—
CLOTHING,
GENTS'
FURNISHINGS,
BOOTS,
SHOES, Etc.

OUR PRICES ARE LOW.

Gilmore & McCandless,
Nos. 35 and 37 JOHNSON STREET.

SPECIAL TO THE PUBLIC.

The Fruit is getting ripe and you will want

FRUIT JARS

YOU CAN GET THEM AT

Cheapside
FRUIT JARS,
JELLY GLASSES,
PRESERVING PANS,
FRUIT PRESSES.

LAWN MOWERS,
GRASS CATCHERS and
LAWN SPRINKLERS, 50c. ea.

GEO. POWELL & CO.,
127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

LENZ & LEISER,

WHOLESALE

Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal, and are therefore able to compete with any House in the Trade.
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GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE

—OF—

Furniture and Bedding,
Carpets and Linoleum,
Window Shades, Curtains,
Crockery and Glassware,
Patent Enamelled Ware,
Children's Carriages,
Lamps, Cutlery, etc.

—AT—

SLAUGHTER PRICES
for cash only, at
The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co'y
66 and 68 Government Street.

Dairy or Stock Farm for Sale.

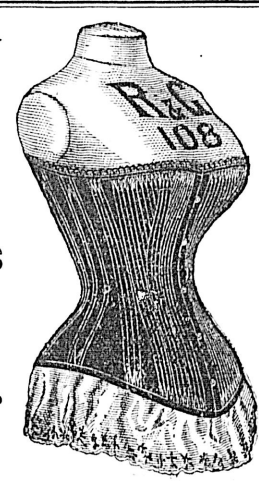
207 ACRES crown grant good land, Cowichan, Vancouver Island, and equally distant from each—Victoria, Vancouver and Nanaimo; three-quarters of a mile from McPherson's Station and P.O. (E. & N. R. R.); 3½ miles from Duncan's; 2½ miles from salt water; 1 mile from public school; all under fence; over 40 acres under cultivation and fenced; about 60 acres improved; the balance light timber, maple and alder (easy to clear); eight-roomed house, good new basement barn and other outbuildings; a trout creek; spring water running all the year between house and barn; good government roads on three sides; horses, cows, sheep, cart, wagon, plow, harrow, mowing machine, horse rake, etc.

W. R. ROBERTSON, M'PHERSON STATION.
my28-d&w-1m

STRAWBERRIES.

Mrs. P. Wilson is now prepared to supply families, parties and picnics with fine fresh fruit from her gardens, 30 Edmonton road. Orders left at the above address, or at the Chicago Candy Factory, 30 Government street, will be promptly attended to. Strawberries, Gooseberries and Rhubarb now ready. Red, White and Black Currants and Raspberries in a few days. je9-1m

ON EXHIBITON TO-DAY IN THE WINDOWS OF THE WHITE HOUSE.



TRY THE R.&G. CORSET

Can Only be Purchased AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

HENRY YOUNG & CO. HENRY YOUNG & CO.

AT MARKET VALUE

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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER VII.

MAKING THEIR MINDS UP.

That winter through, in spite of Mrs. Hesslegrave, Kathleen saw a great deal of the interesting sailor who had taken to painting. Half by accident, half by design, they had chosen their pitches very close together. Both of them were painting on that quaint old quay, the Fondamenta delle Zattere, overlooking the broad inlet, or Canal della Giudecca, where most of the seagoing craft of Venice lie at anchor, unloading. Kathleen's canvas was turned inland, toward the crumbling old church of San Trovaso and the thick group of little bridges, curved high in the middle, that span the minor canals of that half deserted quarter. She looked obliquely down two of those untrodden streets at once, so as to get a double glimpse of two sets of bridges at all possible angles and afford herself a difficult lesson in the perspective of arches. Midway between the two rose the tapering campanile of the quaint old church, with the acacias by its side, that hang their drooping branches and feathery foliage into the stagnant water of the placid Rio. But Arnold Willoughby's easel was turned in the opposite direction, toward the seaward runlets and the open channel where the big ships lay moored. He loved better to paint the seagoing vessels he knew and understood so well—the thick forest of masts, the russet brown sails of the market boats from Mestre, the bright reds and greens of the Chioggia fisher craft, the solemn gray of the barges that bring fresh water from Fusina. It was maritime Venice he could best reproduce, while Kathleen's lighter brush reflected rather the varying moods and tessellated floor of the narrow canals which are to the seagirt city what streets and alleys are to more solid towns of the main land.

Thus painting side by side they saw much of one another. Rufus Mortimer who cherished a real liking for Kathleen grew jealous at times of the penniless sailorman. It seemed to him a pity indeed that Kathleen should get entangled with a fellow like that, who could never by any possibility be in a position to marry her. But then Mortimer, being an American, had a profound faith at bottom in the persuasive worth of the almighty dollar, and though he was really a good fellow, with plenty of humanity and generous feeling, he didn't doubt that in the end, when it came to settling down, Kathleen would prefer the solid advantages of starting in life as a rich Philadelphian's wife to the sentimental idea of love in a cottage, and a poor one at that, with a destitute sailor who dabbled like an amateur in marine painting. However, being a prudent man and knowing that proximity in these affairs is half the battle, Mortimer determined to pitch his own canvas in the same part of the town and to paint a picture close by to Kathleen and Willoughby. This involved on his part no small departure from his usual practice, for Mortimer was by choice a confirmed figure painter, who worked in a studio from the living model, but he managed to choose an outdoor subject combining figure with landscape and dashed away vigorously at a background of brown warehouses and moldering arches, with a laughing group of gay Venetian models picturesquely posed as a merry christening party by the big doors of San Trovaso.

Money gives a man a pull, and Arnold Willoughby felt it when every morning Kathleen floated up to her work in Rufus Mortimer's private gondola, with Mrs. Hesslegrave leaning back—in her capacity of chaperon—on those well padded cushions, and the two handsome gondoliers waiting obsequious and attentive by the marble steps for their employer's orders. But it was just what he wanted, for he could see with his own eyes that Mortimer was paying very marked court to the pretty English girl artist, and indeed Mortimer, after his country's wont, made no attempt to disguise that patent fact in any way. On the other hand, Arnold perceived that Kathleen seemed to pay quite as much attention to the penniless sailor as to the American millionaire. And that was exactly what Arnold Willoughby desired to find out. He could get any number of women to flutter eagerly and anxiously round Lord Axminster's chair, but he would never care to take any one of them all for better, for worse, unless she was ready to give up money and position and more eligible offers for the sake of Arnold Willoughby, the penniless sailor and struggling artist.

And indeed, in spite of his well equipped gondola, Rufus Mortimer didn't somehow have things all his own way. If Kathleen came down luxuriously every morning in the Cristoforo Colombo, she oftenest returned to the Piazza on foot by devious byways with Arnold Willoughby. She liked those walks ever so much. Mr. Willoughby was always such a delightful companion, and, sailor or no sailor, he had really picked up an astonishing amount of knowledge about Venetian history, antiquities and architecture. On one such day, toward early spring, as they walked together through the narrow lanes overshadowed by mighty cornices, where one could touch the houses on either hand as one went, a pretty little Italian girl about 5 years old ran hastily out of a musty shop over whose door hung salt fish and long strings of garlic. She was singing to herself as she ran a queer old song in the Venetian dialect:

"Vustu che mi te insegna a navegar?
Vate a far una barca o una batela."

But when her glance fell on Arnold Willoughby she looked up at him with a merry twinkle in her big brown eyes and dropped him a little curtsy of the saucy southern pattern. "Buon giorno, sior," she cried in the liquid Venetian patois. And Arnold answered with a pleasant smile of friendly recognition, "Buon giorno, piccola."

"You know her?" Kathleen asked, half wondering to herself how her painter had made the acquaintance of the little golden haired Venetian.

"Oh, dear, yes," the young man answered, with a smile. "That's Cecca, that little one. She knows me very well." He hestitated a moment, then on purpose, as if to try her, he went on very quietly, "In point of fact I lodge there."

Kathleen was conscious of a distinct thrill of surprise, not unmixed with something like horror or disgust. She had grown accustomed by this time to her companion's rough clothes and to his sailorlike demeanor, redeemed as it was in her eyes by his artistic feeling and his courteous manners, which she always felt in her heart were those of a perfect gentleman. But it gave her a little start even now to find that the man who could talk so beautifully about Gentile Bellini and Vittore Carpaccio—the man who taught her to admire and understand for the first time the art of the very earliest Venetian painters, the man who so loved the great Romanesque arcades of the Fondaco dei Turchi and who gloated over the details of the mosaics in St. Mark's—could consent to live in a petty Italian shop, reeking with salt cod and overhanging the noisome bank of a side canal more picturesque than sweet smelling. She showed her consternation in her face, for Arnold, who was watching her close, went on with a slight shadow on his frank, sunburned forehead: "Yes, I live in there. I thought you'd think the worse of me when you came to know it."

Thus openly challenged, Kathleen turned round to him with her fearless eyes and said perhaps a little more than she would ever have said had he not driven her to avow it. "Mr. Willoughby," she answered, gazing straight into his honest face, "it isn't a pretty place, and I wouldn't like to live in it myself, I confess, but I don't think the worse of you. I respect you so much, I really don't believe anything of that sort—of any sort perhaps—could ever make me think the worse of you. So there! I've told you."

"Thank you," Arnold answered low. And then he was silent. Neither spoke for some moments. Each was thinking to himself, "Have I said too much?" And Arnold Willoughby was also thinking very seriously in his own mind, "Having gone so far, ought I not now to go farther?"

"You know her?" Kathleen asked.

However, being a prudent man, he reflected to himself that if he could hardly pay his own way as yet by his art he certainly could not pay some other one's. So he held his tongue for the moment and went home a little later to his single room overlooking the side canal to ruminate at his leisure over this new face to his circumstances.

And Kathleen, too, went home to think much about Arnold Willoughby. Both young people, in fact, spent the best part of that day in thinking of nothing else save one another, which was a tolerably good sign to the experienced observer that they were falling in love, whether they knew it or knew it not.

For when Kathleen got home she shut herself up by herself in her own pretty room with the dainty wall paper and leaned out of the window. It was a beautiful window, on the Grand canal, quite close to the Piazza, and the doges' palace, and the Riva degli Schiavoni, and it looked across the inlet toward the Dogana di Mare and the dome of Santa Maria, with the campanile of San Giorgio on its lonely mud island in the middle distance. Beyond lay a spacious field of burnished gold, the shallow water of the lagoon in the full flood of sunshine. But Kathleen had no eyes that lovely afternoon for the creeping ships that glided in and out with stately motion through the tortuous channel which leads between islets of gray slime to the mouth of the Lido and the open sea. Great red lateen sails swerved and luffed unnoticed. All she could think of now was Arnold Willoughby and his lodgings at the salt fish shop. Her whole soul was deeply stirred by that strange disclosure.

She might have guessed it before, yet now she knew it it frightened her. Was it right of her, she asked herself over and over again, to let herself fall in love as she felt she was doing with a common sailor, who could live contentedly in a small Italian magazen, whose doors she herself would hardly consent to show her face inside?

Was it ladylike? Was it womanly of her?

She had her genuine doubts. Few women would have felt otherwise, for to women the conventions count for more than to men, and the feelings of class are more deeply seated and more persistent, especially in all that pertains to love and marriage. A man can readily enough "marry beneath him," but to a woman it is a degradation to give herself away to what she thinks an inferior. An inferior? Even as she thought it Kathleen Hesslegrave's mind revolted with a rush against the base imputation. He was not her inferior, rather if it came to that, be he sailor or gentleman, he was her superior in every way. The man who could paint, who could think, who could talk, as he could, the man who cherished such high ideals of life, of conduct, of duty, was every one's equal and most people's superior. He was her own superior. In cold blood she said it. He could think and dare and attain to things she herself at her best could but blindly grope after.

In her diary that afternoon—for she had acquired the bad habit of keeping a diary—Kathleen wrote down all these things, as she was wont to write down her inmost thoughts, and she even ended with the direct avowal to herself: "I love him! I love him! If he asks me, I will accept him." She locked it up in her safest drawer, but she was not ashamed of it.

At the very same moment, however, Arnold Willoughby for his part was leaning out of his window in turn in the wee top room of the house above the salt fish shop in the tiny side street, with his left hand twisted in the lock behind his ear after that curious fashion of his, and was thinking—of what else save Kathleen Hesslegrave?

It was a pretty enough window in its way, too, that leaded lattice on the high fourth floor in the Calle del Paradiso, and as often happens in Venetian side streets when you mount high enough in the skyward clambering houses it commanded a far more beautiful and extensive view than any stranger could imagine as he looked up from without at the narrow chink of blue between the tall rows of opposite stonework, for it gave upon a side canal full of life and bustle, and it looked out just beyond upon a quaint, round tower with a Romanesque staircase winding spirally outside it and disclosing glimpses in the farther distance of spires and domes and campanili innumerable. But it wasn't of the staircase, or the crowded canal, or the long, shallow barges laden with eggs and fruit that Arnold Willoughby was just then thinking. His mind was wholly taken up with Kathleen Hesslegrave and the new wide problems she laid open before him.

He knew he was in love with her. He recognized he was in love with her. And what was more, from the way she had said those words, "I respect you so much I don't believe anything on earth could ever make me think the worse of you," he felt pretty sure in his own mind she loved him in return and had divined his love for her. Even his native modesty would not allow him to deceive himself on that score any longer, for he was a modest man, little given to fancying that women were "gone on him," as Mr. Reginald Hesslegrave was wont to phrase it in his peculiar dialect. Indeed Arnold Willoughby had had ample cause for modesty in that direction. Lady Sark had taught him by bitter experience to know his proper place, and he had never forgotten that one sharp lesson. She was a simple clergyman's daughter near Oxford when first he met her, and he had fallen in love at once with her beauty, her innocence, her seeming simplicity. She rose quickly to an earl. He believed in her with all the depth and sincerity of his honest nature. There was nobody like Blanche, he thought—nobody so true, so simple minded, so sweet, so trustworthy. A single London season made all the difference. Blanche Middleton found herself the belle of the year, and being introduced to the great world through Lord Axminster's friends as his affianced bride made the best of her opportunities by throwing over one of the poorest earls in England in favor of one of the richest and most worthless marquises. From that moment the man who had once been Albert Ogilvie Redburn, earl of Axminster, was never likely to overestimate the immediate effect produced by his mere personality on the heart of any woman.

Nevertheless Arnold Willoughby was not disinclined to believe that Kathleen Hesslegrave really and truly loved him. Because one woman had gone straight from his arms to another man's bosom that did not prove that all women were incapable of loving. He believed Kathleen liked him very much, not only for his own sake, but also in spite of prejudices, deeply ingrained prejudices, natural enough under the circumstances, and which almost every good woman—as good women go—would have shared to the full with her. And he began to wonder now whether, having gone so far, it was not his duty to go a step farther and ask her to marry him. A man has no right to lead a woman's heart up to a certain point of expectation and then to draw back without giving her at least the chance of accepting him.

But how could he ask her? That was now the question. He certainly wasn't going to turn his back upon his own deliberate determination and to claim once more the title and estates of the earldom of Axminster. Having put his hand to the plow, as he so often said to himself, for very shame of his manhood, he must never look back again. One way alone shone clear before him. Every laborer in England could earn enough by his own exertions to support at need a wife and family. Arnold Willoughby would have felt himself a disgraceful failure if he could not succeed in doing what the merest breaker of stones on the road could do. He made up his mind at once. He must manage to earn such a living for himself as would enable him without shame to ask Kathleen whether or not she liked him well enough to share it with him in future.

From that day forth, then, this aim was ever present in Arnold Willoughby's mind. He would succeed in his art for the sake of asking the one woman on earth he could love to marry him. And oftener and oftener as he paced the streets of Venice he twisted his finger round the lock by his ear with that curious gesture which was always in his case the surest sign of profound preoccupation.

[TO BE CONTINUED]

A HAPPY EXPERIENCE.

The experience of thousands of doctors, public institutions and mothers proves that Lactated Food is a perfect diet for young children, during the hot summer months, when so many fall victims to cholera infantum. Many a mother, knowing of the danger lurking in cow's milk, has attempted to nurse her child in the hot summer, because she feared to feed it partially or wholly. It is now an established fact that Lactated Food takes the place of mother's milk, removes all dangers that lurk in stale cow's milk, and keeps the child well and strong, so that it can pass safely through all the prevailing dangers of a hot season.

Every mother can keep her child safe from dysentery, diarrhœa and cholera infantum, if she uses pure Lactated Food. It "Saves Babies Lives."

ALMOST CRAZY

Suffering from Constipation.

Expected to be in the Asylum—After all other Remedies Failed B.B.B. made a Perfect Cure, Restoring Robust Health.

GENTLEMEN,—To say all I ought to in favor of B B.B. would be impossible. It has been a great health restorer to me and I do swear by it. I am a different man now to what I was ten years ago when it was expected I would been the asylum, but now I am in perfect robust health and it was the B.B.B that did it. I suffered for five or six years from constipation, sometimes so severely that I went out of my mind. I tried various doctors, both in the country and in the city, and took medicines too numerous to name, but everything failed to have the desired effect. When I used Burdock Blood Bitters, however, it succeeded beyond all expectations, requiring only two bottles to cure me. To make it still more certain that B.B.B. is the real cure for Constipation, I may say that some two years afterward I felt the symptoms returning and took one bottle more, and from that time to this present day (over eight years) I have never had any return of the disease. I never knew any medicine to work so well. It does not seem to be a mere reliever but a sure and certain cure, as I can certify to, for hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine and advice failed to do me any good, but three dollars' worth of B.B.B. made a permanent cure that has given me years of health and comfort.

Yours truly,
Toronto. C. L. KILMER.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Gardening tools at Cheapside.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE FOR

Indigestion, Want of Appetite, Fullness after Meals, Vomitings, Sickness of the Stomach, Bilious or Liver Complaints, Sick Headache, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Lowness of Spirits, and All Nervous Affections.

To cure these complaints we must remove the cause. The principal cause is generally to be found in the **stomach and liver**; *put these two organs right and all will be well.* From two to four Pills twice a day for a short time will remove the evil, and restore the sufferer to sound and lasting health.

Wholesale Agts. Evans & Sons, Ld. Montreal. For sale by all druggists.

TENDERS.

TENDERS

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up till Wednesday, July 17, for the purchase or lease of the "Waverly House," situated in Cumberland, Union Mines, Comox District, B.C.

This offers a good chance for investors, as the future of Union as a mining centre is assured.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

For particulars apply by letter or personally to

A. LINDSAY,
Secretary Waverly House Co. L'td.
Box 103, Union, B. C. je16

Provincial Gaol at Victoria.

TENDERS endorsed "Gaol Supplies," for the supply of Bread, Beef, Groceries, Clothing and Coal, for the use of said institution, from the 1st July next to the 30th of June, 1896, will be received by the undersigned up to Tuesday, the 25th instant.

Samples of groceries, clothing, etc., can be seen at the Gaol, Topaz avenue.

Tenders to state price of coal per ton of 2000 pounds.

All supplies to be delivered at the Gaol as required without extra charge.

Oatmeal, brooms, brushes and all articles required for use in this contract to be of Provincial manufacture, as far as practicable.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. S. HUSSEY,
Supt. Provincial Police and Warden of Gaols.
June 3rd, 1895. je4-td

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the Cariboo Gold Fields, Limited, till Friday, 14th June, proximo, for hauling 341 tons of freight from Ashcroft to Williams Creek, Cariboo.

The freight consists of 607,000 pounds of steel hydraulic pipe, 38,000 pounds of Kimberly collars, 27,000 pounds of lead, and 10,000 pounds of bars.

The pipe is 12,000 feet in length, consisting of 800 sections each 15 feet long, and numbered consecutively from 1 to 800. The average weight of a section is about 750 pounds.

The sections numbered from 1 to 287, together with a proportional number and quantity of collars, lead and bars, are to be delivered near Mr. Rogers' slaughter house, on a bench of Williams Creek above the Canon, and the remainder placed, according to number, along the lower part of the pipe line. Each load is to be taken from the sections and other things set apart therefor by the Ashcroft forwarder.

The whole of the freight is to be delivered by the 30th November next.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders to be sealed and addressed to A. D. Whittier, Manager Cariboo Gold Fields, Limited, Barkerville, B.C.

A. D. WHITTIER.
Barkerville, B.C., May 2nd, 1895. my16

DAIRY FARM —FOR SALE

—ON—

LANGLEY PRAIRIE.

One of the best Dairy Farms in the Province. There are 125 acres of land; about 50 acres in hay meadow; 2 acres of bearing orchard; 60 acres of good pasture. The Comekl River runs through this property, and there is always abundance of water for cattle, etc There is a large house; 2 large barns; good dairy cellar; a blacksmith's shop; large wood-shed; hen-house and piggeries; 2 good wells of water. There are 20 cows; a thoroughbred Jersey bull; some young stock; 3 horses; 50 pigs; chickens and ducks. One Toronto mower, horse-rake, hay-fork, plows, harrows, wagon, buggy, harness, and everything for a well ordered farm. All of which will be sold with the place if purchaser so wishes. A daily boat runs to New Westminster, 15 miles distant, and there are good roads. This farm is above high water, and is close to school, churches and post office. The municipality is free of debt and taxes are low. For further particulars : : : : :

Apply at The Colonist Office,
M. Costillo, Vancouver,
Or to Owner, on Premises.
de21-1m

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

STEAMERS AND SHIPS

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

Walla Walla - - June 22

R. P. RITHET & CO.
mch26 Agents

O. R. & N. STEAMSHIP LINE.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

STEAMSHIP - CHITTAGONG,

Due......June 20.
Sails......July 5.

For freight and particulars apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO.,
je15-1mo Agents.

C. P. Navigation Co., Limited

TIME TABLE NO. 26

Takes effect March 1, 1895.

Vancouver Route:

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13.15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.
For Plumper's Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at o'clock
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria —Monday at 13.15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points, and Queen Charlotte Islands.

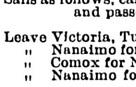
Barclay Sound Route:

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, Jan. 1st, 1895.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER

JOAN

L. P. LOCKE, MASTER.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. ap25

Victoria & Sidney Railw'y

TIME TABLE.

GOING NORTH.

Station.	Train No		Mon Tues Wed Thur Fri	Saturd'y	Sunday.
Victoria Lv	1	a m	7:00	7:00	9:00
	3	p m	4:00	2:00	2:00
Royal Oak.......	1	a m	7:14	7:14	9:14
	3	p m	4:14	2:14	2:14
Elk Lake	1	a m	7:23	7 23	9:23
	3	p m	4:23	2:23	2:23
Saanichton	1	a m	7:35	7:35	9:35
	3	p m	4:35	2:35	2:35
Sidney ....Ar	1	a m	7:48	7:48	9:48
	3	p m	4:48	2:48	2:48

GOING SOUTH.

Station.	Train No		Mon Tues Wed Thur Fri	Saturd'y	Sunday.
Sidney. Lv	2	a m	8:15	8:15	10:15
	4	p m	5:15	5:15	5:00
Saanichton	2	a m	8:28	8:28	10:28
	4	p m	5:28	5:28	5:13
Elk Lake	2	a m	8:40	8:40	10:40
	4	p m	5:40	5:40	5:25
Royal Oak.......	2	a m	8:54	8:54	10:54
	4	p m	5:54	5:54	5:39
Victoria ......Ar	2	a m	9:08	9:08	11:08
	4	p m	6:08	6:08	5:50

Satisfactory arrangements will be made with parties desiring to charter trains, special cars or steamer for picnic or other excursions.
Close connection made at Sidney with steamer Mary Hare for Salt Spring and other Island ports.

T. W. PATERSON,
General Manager.

THE STEAMER

"MARY HARE,"

Running in connection with the Victoria & Sidney Railway, will sail as follows:
MONDAYS—Leaves Sidney at 8 a.m. for Cowichan Wharf, Burgoyne Bay and Vesuvius, returning to Sidney for 5 p.m. train for Victoria.
TUESDAYS—Leaves Sidney at 4 a.m. for Nanaimo, calling at Fulford, Ganges Harbor and all other way ports, returning to Ganges Harbor.
WEDNESDAYS—Leaves Ganges Harbor at 6 a.m for Fulford and Sidney, connecting with morning train for Victoria, thence to Cowichan Wharf and Vesuvius Bay, thence to Sidney and return to Ganges Habor.
THURSDAYS—Leaves Ganges Harbor at 7 a.m. for Sidney, calling at Mayne, Saturna, Pender and Moresby Islands and all other way ports.
FRIDAYS—Leaves Sidney at 5 p.m. for Moresby, Pender, Saturna and Mayne Islands and Ganges Harbor.
SATURDAYS—Leaves Ganges Harbor at 6 a.m. for Sidney and way ports.
For rates and fares and other information apply to M. Hare, Manager, on board the steamer, or to Victoria & Sidney Railway Company's Agents. my29

THE UNEMPLOYED.

In order that the unemployed may have a chance of utilizing idle land in the outskirts of the city for cultivation for the purpose of raising food for themselves and families, I shall be pleased to confer with parties who are willing to grant free use of such lands for the season. Those willing to assist in this good work will please leave their address and particulars at the City Clerk's office.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.
Victoria, B. C., March 14th, 1895. mr15

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

13a Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora Street. oc18

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for $25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. ap1

TRANSPORTATION.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST

TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO PACIFIC ROUTE. . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

—TO—

Minneapolis,
St. Paul,
Omaha,
Kansas City,
Toronto,
Chicago and
Montreal.

Running Through Sleepers and Upholstered Tourist Cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent. Vancouver.
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent. Victoria.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European points.

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line	Parisian	June 22
"	Mongolian	June 30
Dominion Line	Oregon	June 23
"	Sarnia	June 30
Beaver Line	Lake Superior	June 27
"	Lake Winnipeg	July 4

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line	Campania	June 29
"	Umbria	July 6
White Star Line	Teutonic	June 27
"	Britannic	July 4
American Line	Paris	June 27
"	Berlin	July 4
North Ger. Lloyd	Havel	June 27
"	Kaiser	June 30
Anchor Line	City of Rome	June 30
"	Ethiopia	July 7
Allan State Line	Nebraska	June 22
"	California	July 6

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $20 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S.S. Agent,
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars
Elegant Dining Cars
Tourist Sleeping Cars

—TO—

St. Paul
Minneapolis
Duluth
Fargo
Grand Forks
Crookston
Winnipeg
Helena and
Butte

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

Speed 18 knots		VICTORIA ROUTE. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON"		Tonnage 1117.
8.30 pm	Ml	Lv *...Victoria.... Ar	110	4.30 pm
11.45 pm	38	. Port Townsend .	72	1.30 pm
3.00 am	82	...... Seattle......	28	10.15 am
4.45 am	110	Ar. *...Tacoma..... Lv	Ml	8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria, B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pas. Agent,
255 Morrison St., cor. Third St., Portland, Or.
ap2

BY WAY OF

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

AND OVER

The North-Western Line

Is the best route in every respect to

CHICAGO

and all points East,

KANSAS CITY, OMAHA, SIOUX CITY

and all points South. Direct connections in Union Depots. Vestibuled Trains. Compartment Buffet, Pullman, and Dining Cars on every train. All ticket agents can sell you to your desination over "The North-Western Line."

F. W PARKER,
ja19 Puget Sound Agent Seattle

A CARD.

Having disposed of my Book-Binding, Blank Book Manufacturing and Paper Ruling Business to The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co. I take this opportunity of thanking the public for the liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the many years I have been in business, and to bespeak for my successors a like share of support.

R. T. WILLIAMS.
Victoria, May 3rd, 1895.

In connection with the above we beg to assure the public that we hope by close attention to the business and a just treatment of all, to merit a continuance of the favors shown Mr. Williams during the long period he has been in business.

THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LD.

MATERNITY (Private Samaritan) Home, removed to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road or to Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road. fe10

MANITOBA'S REPLY.

Cannot Accept the Responsibility of Carrying Into Effect the Remedial Order.

Attorney-General Sifton Submits to the Legislature the Government's School Policy.

The following is the reply of the government of the province of Manitoba to the remedial order of the Dominion government respecting separate schools, as contained in a notice of motion submitted to the legislature by Attorney-General Sifton.

The reply is in the form of a memorial addressed to His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada in council. It first recites the remedial order and then submits the following:

"The privileges which by the said order we are commanded to restore to our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens are substantially the same privileges which they enjoyed previously to the year 1890. Compliance with the terms of the order would restore Catholic separate schools with no more satisfactory guarantees for their efficiency than existed prior to the said date.

"The educational policy embodied in our present statutes was adopted after an examination of the results of the policy theretofore followed, under which the separate Roman Catholic schools (now sought to be restored) had existed for a period of upwards of nineteen years. The said schools were found to be inefficient. As conducted under the Roman Catholic section of the board of education they did not possess the attributes of efficient modern public schools. Their conduct, management and regulation were defective. As a result of leaving a large section of the population with no better means of education than was thus supplied, many people grew up in a state of illiteracy. So far as we are aware there has never been an attempt made to defend these schools on their merits, and we do not know of any ground upon which the expenditure of public money in their support could be justified.

"We are, therefore, compelled to respectfully state to Your Excellency-in-council that we cannot accept the responsibility of carrying into effect the terms of the remedial order.

"Objections upon principle may be taken to any modification of our educational statutes which would result in the establishment of one or more sets of separate schools. Apart, however, from the objections upon principle, there are serious objections from a practical educational standpoint. Some of these objections may be briefly indicated:

"We labor under great difficulties in maintaining an efficient system of primary education. The school taxes bear heavily upon our people. The large amount of land which is free from school taxes and the great extent of country over which our small population is scattered present obstacles to efficiency and progress. The reforms effected in 1890 have given an impetus to educational work, but the difficulties which are inherent in our circumstances have constantly to be met. It will be obvious that the establishment of a set of Roman Catholic schools followed by a set of Anglican schools and possibly Mennonite, Icelandic and other schools would so impair our present system that any approach to even our present general standard of efficiency would be quite impossible. We contemplate the inauguration of such a state of affairs with very grave apprehension. We have no hesitation in saying that there cannot be suggested any measure which to our minds would more seriously imperil the development of our province.

"We believe that when the remedial order was made, there was not then available to Your Excellency in council full and accurate information as to the working of our former system of schools. We also believe that there was lacking the means of forming a correct judgment as to the effect upon the province of the changes indicated in the order.

"Being impressed with this view, we respectfully submit that it is not yet too late to make a full and deliberate investigation of the whole subject. Should such a course be adopted we shall cheerfully assist in offering the most complete information available. An investigation of such a kind would furnish a substantial basis of fact upon which conclusions could be formed with a reasonable degree of certainty.

"It is urged most strongly that upon so important a matter, involving as it does the religious feelings and convictions of different classes of the people in Canada and the educational interests of a province which is expected to become one of the most important in the Dominion, no hasty action should be taken, but that on the contrary the greatest care and deliberation should be exercised and a full and thorough investigation made.

"While we do not think it proper to enter upon a legal argument in this memorial, we deem it our duty to briefly call attention to some of the legal and constitutional difficulties which surround the case. It is held by some authorities that any action taken by the parliament of Canada upon the subject will be irrevocable. While this opinion may or may not be held to be sound, it is in our judgment only necessary to point out that there are substantial grounds for entertaining such an opinion in order to emphasize the necessity for acquiring a most ample knowledge of the facts before any suggestion of parliamentary action is made.

"It will be admitted that the two essentials of any effective and substantial restoration of Roman Catholic privileges are:

"(1) The right to levy school taxes.

"(2) The right to participate in the legislative school grant.

"Without these privileges the separate schools cannot be properly carried on, and without them, therefore, any professed restoration of privileges would be illusory.

"It may be held that the power to collect taxes for school purposes conferred upon school boards by our former educational statutes was conferred by virtue of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 92 of the British North American Act, and not by virtue of the provisions of section 22 of the Manitoba Act. If this view be well founded, then that portion of the act of 1890 which abolished the said right to collect taxes is not subject to appeal to Your Excellency in Council, and the remedial order and any subsequent legislative act of the parliament of Canada (in so far as they may purport to restore the said right) will be ultra vires.

"As to the legislative grant, we hold that it is entirely within the control of the legislature of the province, and that no part of the public funds of the province could be made available for the support of separate schools without the voluntary action of the legislature. It would appear, therefore, that any action of the parliament of Canada looking to the restoration of Roman Catholic privileges must, to be of real and substantial benefit, be supplemented by the voluntary action of the provincial legislature.

"If this be the case, nothing could be more unfortunate from the standpoint of the Roman Catholic people themselves than any hasty or peremptory action on the part of the parliament of Canada, because such action would probably produce strained relations and tend to prevent the possibility of restoring harmony.

"We respectfully suggest to Your Excellency in council that all of the above considerations call most strongly for full and careful deliberation, and for such a course of action as will avoid irritating complications. We deem it proper also to call attention to the fact that it is only a few months since the latest decision upon the subject was given by the judicial committee of the privy council. Previously to that time a majority of the members of the legislative assembly of Manitoba had either expressly or impliedly given pledges to their constituents, which they feel in honor bound loyally to fulfil.

"We understand that it has been lately suggested that private funds of the Roman Catholic Church and people had been invested in school buildings and land that are now appropriated for public school purposes. No evidence of such fact has ever been laid before us so far as we can ascertain, but we profess ourselves willing if any such injustice can be established, to make full and fair compensation therefor.

"In conclusion, we beg respectfully to place on record our continued loyalty to Her Gracious Majesty and to the laws which the parliament of Great Britain has in its wisdom seen fit to enact for the good government of Canada."

BIMETALLISM.

To THE EDITOR:—The General Manager of the Bank of Montreal in dealing with the currency question designates bimetallists as a "crop of cranks and quacks armed with special nostrums, etc." He then goes on to say that as the bank is a large lender in the United States—that is to say a creditor—it would like to see the present uncertainty on the silver question removed. No doubt it would, and so would all the large holders of gold, provided it was in favor of gold monometallism—but how about the debtors?

The gold owners look with the greatest equanimity upon the appreciation of gold which benefits them at the expense of the debtor; but they are perfectly shocked and horrified at anybody suggesting for a moment that they should be deprived of the vantage ground which they have unjustly gained, and that gold should be brought down to its normal value by means of bimetallism and debtors reinstated to the position they were in when they incurred their debts.

It would be just as reasonable to expect Bill Sykes to write an article in favor of the law of meum and tuum as to expect a bank manager to write an article in favor of bimetallism.

Let the public ask itself who compose this "crop of cranks and quacks armed with special nostrums, etc."?

First and foremost we have Mr. Balfour, Mr. Goschen, Mr. Hicks Gibbs, ex-governor of the Bank of England, and several other ex-governors of that bank, nearly all the professors of political economy in the world and a host of other renowned and clever men. Surely these men are just as likely to be right in their opinions as the General Manager of the Bank of Montreal, especially as they are not directly interested parties. But it may be observed that in all the writings of gold monometallists their chief weapon is vituperation not argument.

The General Manager goes on to state: "I am glad to see that active and organized efforts are being made at last to stem the rising tide (bimetallism), and I have no doubt they will be entirely successful. These efforts are forcibly assisted by the continued increase in gold production and the steady rise in staples without a corresponding rise in silver, refuting some of the chief theories and statements of the silver men."

Surely the manager must have been laughing in his sleeve when he penned that statement? How does it refute some of the chief theories of the silver men? The increased gold production, the only present measure of value, would naturally create a rise in staples generally, but the demand for the staple silver has been so reduced by its demonetization that it does not rise proportionately with other staples for which there is a greater demand.

The theory of bimetallists is that a large volume of metallic money is necessary for healthy trade, and makes prices rise. The increase in the volume of gold, and corresponding rise in prices, has corroborated that theory, and if silver were added to gold as money there would be still further trade development.

The enormous increase in the annual products of gold is helping in a small way to mitigate the evils of gold monometallism, and we may be truly thankful for the increase, but we cannot expect it to last for more than a few years. We have had a similar increase in former periods, but it did not last. Moreover we must remember that the demand for gold for the arts and sciences is now so great that only a small proportion of the annual product is converted into coin. In 1890 there were $17,287,500 of gold bullion sent into India, out of which only $750,000 was used as money; the remainder was all absorbed for trinkets, etc., etc.

But a fundamental portion of the bimetallic argument is that the control of the volume of money should be in the hands of the people and not in the hands of the state or any corporation or individual. The absolute necessity for this in order to escape bondage can easily be made apparent.

It is undeniable that any man or corporation who might be able to control prices would wield a despotic power over his fellow men. Prices are controlled by the volume of metallic money, other things being equal. If the people has the right to free coinage it also has the control of the volume of metallic money limited by the production of the material out of which money is made.

Therefore any attempt to give to corporations the control of the volume of metallic money such as is now being agitated in the United States in favor of banks should be resisted to the very utmost as an encroachment upon the rights of the people.

BIMETALLIST.

Some people are constantly troubled with pimples and boils, especially about the face and neck. The best remedy is a thorough course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which expels all humors through the proper channels, and so makes the skin become soft, healthy and fair.

Keep your money at home and buy your blank books from The Colonist Bindery. .·.

IMPORTANT!!—For the next two months the stock of C. A. Lombard, consisting of pianos, organs, violins, guitars, banjos, music boxes, flutes, clarionettes, books, folios, sheet music, etc., will be sold at cost for cash. This is a rare chance for bargains and should not be lost sight of. Call and examine the goods and be convinced that you cannot buy anywhere else at our prices. .·.

When a man tries a Flor de Vallen cigar he generally continues to use them. x

WONDERFUL GOLD LEAF.

How It Is Manufactured and Some of Its Peculiarities.

The process by which gold is made into thin leaves is called gold beating. As yet the use of machinery for this purpose is very limited, nearly all gold leaf being beaten by hand.

First the gold is cast into oblong ingots about three-fourths of an inch in width, and weighing two ounces each. These ingots are passed between polished steel rollers and flattened out into ribbons of about an eight-hundredth of an inch in thickness. The ribbons are softened by heat and cut into pieces an inch square.

One hundred and fifty of these pieces are placed between vellum leaves, one piece above another, and the entire pile is inclosed in a double parchment case and beaten with a 16 pound hammer until the inch pieces are extended to 4 inch squares. They are then taken from the case, and each square is cut into four pieces. The pieces thus obtained are then placed between gold beater's skin—a delicate membrane prepared from the large intestine of the ox—made into piles, inclosed in a parchment case and again beaten, but with a hammer of lighter weight.

Still the leaves are not thin enough, and once more each leaf is cut into four pieces and again beaten. This last quartering and beating produces 2,400 leaves, and the thickness of each leaf is about one two-hundred-thousandths of an inch. Gold is so malleable that it is possible to obtain a still greater degree of thinness, but not profitably.

These thin leaves are taken up with wood pinchers, placed on a cushion, blown out flat and carefully cut into squares 3¼ inches in size. The squares are placed between the leaves of paper books, which have previously been rubbed with red chalk to prevent adhesions of the gold, each paper book containing 25 squares or leaves of gold, and in this form the leaf is sold, not by weight, but by a superficial measure.—Philadelphia Times.

WHY DOGS BARK.

A Writer Affords an Explanation as Given to Him by an Indian.

In writing of the native dogs of Central America, Frederick Boyle brings forward a theory as to how dogs form the habit of barking. He was discussing with an old resident of the country some traits of the coyote, as the native wolf is called, but which more nearly resembles the dog.

Dogs will never go wild so long as they can find a master to serve, and more especially trained dogs. The coyote never barks, and only gallops when pursued.

"Why don't these coyotes bark like other dogs?" I asked an old Indian, pointing to one I was trying to reclaim. "And why do they only howl and the pups grunt?"

His answer was, "He won't learn."

"Not learn?" said I. "What do you mean?"

"No," he replied, "not learn, for if he were of an honest breed he would bark, to try to imitate his master, or, at all events, the other dogs, but all barking proceeds from dogs imitating their master's shout. The master shouts to drive in cattle to the corral, and the dog barks also. In fact, the dog imitates his master when he barks; he tries to speak, but cannot."

I give this curious observation as the only attempt I ever heard to account for the barking of our tame dogs. No wild breeds make any noise except howling and snarling, nor, under the best circumstances, will they learn to bark until the third or fourth generation.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Glass Houses.

There were whole streets in Tyre entirely occupied by glass works, and it is stated that the first glass houses were erected in Tyre. The glass houses of Alexandria were highly celebrated for the ingenuity and skill of their workmen and the extent of their manufactures.

Layard, in writing about his discoveries among the ruins of Nineveh and Babylon, says: "In one chamber were found two entire glass bowls, with fragments of others. These bowls are probably of the same period as the small bottle found in the ruins of the northwest palace during the previous excavations, and now in the British museum. On this highly interesting relic is the name of Sargon, with his title of king of Assyria, in cuneiform characters, and the figure of a lion. We are, therefore, able to fix its date to the latter part of the seventh century B. C. It is consequently the most ancient known specimen of transparent glass."—Boston Herald.

A Bit of Black.

Nothing is complete without its bit of black. It is a bit of cunning the French have taught us and is most valuable, for it immediately adds the touch we have strived for. No matter what the color or material if not pointelle or striped with black, a bunchy black chou, bands of ribbon or pipings of satin are used. There are no end of means of decoration, and all most effective too. So universal has this fashion become that neither frock nor bonnet escapes it.—Boston Traveller.

Heavy Sermon.

Mason—Why does Jason prefer taking a walk on Fifth avenue on Sunday morning to going to church?

Payson—He says he likes to read sermons in stones rather than to listen to sermons from sticks.—New York Herald.

Alcohol was first distinguished as an elementary substance by Albucasis, in the twelfth century.

The strait of Juan de Fuca was named after an old Greek sailor who explored its shores in 1592.

Hundreds of patents have been issued to inventors of water gas.

WAS ALMOST LOST

A Lady Who Dreaded Insanity!

TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS FROM A COMPLICATION OF TROUBLES.

Paine's Celery Compound Effects a Complete Cure.

Note well the list of terrible troubles that brought Mrs. A. Legault, of St. Andre Street, Montreal, to the verge of the grave; headache, sleeplessness, nervous prostration and loss of memory.

There are thousands of women in Canada who suffer every day from the same life-destroying troubles, who can be cured as completely as was Mrs. Legault. It matters not in how bad and broken-down a condition the nervous system may be, Paine's Celery Compound will quickly reach the seat of trouble and effect a cure. Nerve troubles and diseases of any form and character, yield at once to the virtues and power of nature's great medicine. When positive proof is produced regarding the efficacy of Paine's Celery Compound, it is suicidal and foolish to experiment with unknown and deceptive medicines.

Mrs. Legault, who particularly desires to benefit women, writes as follows:—

"I cannot help telling all sufferers what Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I would have been a lost woman had I continued six months longer in suffering. My case was a bad one. Headache, insomnia, nervous prostration and loss of memory made up my troubles, and I feared they would lead to insanity. I went to several doctors, who treated me with all their skill, but I did not get any better. As I am the mother of seven children, I became disheartened with failures and being obliged to spend so much money. My friends advised me to try Paine's Celery Compound. The first bottle gave me little relief, but the second began to work miraculously on my nerves. I continued using the Compound, and after taking nine bottles I can positively say I am cured."

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AT EASTERN RATES . . . .

For similar orders, at Eastern prices, we will guarantee a better job and keep the money in the Province . . .

THE COLONIST

LITHOGRAPHING DEPARTMENT.

For Sale by Messrs. The Hudson's Bay Co. and Pither & Leiser.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y.

TIME TABLE No. 24

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, April 5th 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND—READ DOWN No. 2 Pass. Daily	NORTH BOUND—READ DOWN No. 4 Pass. Sat. & Sun	M'l's Vic.	STATIONS.	M'l's Wel.	SOUTH BOUND—READ UP No. 1 Pass. Daily.	SOUTH BOUND—READ UP No 3 Pass Sat. & Sun.
De. 8.00 am	De. 4.50 pm		Victoria	78	Ar. 12.20 pm	Ar. 8.30 pm
" 8.04	" 4.55	1	Russell's	77	" 12.16	" 8.25
" 8.14	" 5.03	4	Esquimalt	74	" 12.06	" 8.18
" 8.17	" 5.06	5	St-wart's	73	" 12.03	" 8.15
" 8.20	" 5.09	6	Parson's Bridge	72	" 12.00	" 8.12
" 8.27	" 5.15	8	Langford	70	" 11.53	" 8.06
" 8.37	" 5.24	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.43	" 7.57
" 9.05	" 5.52	20	Summit Siding	58	" 11.15	" 7.30
" 9.30	" 6.14	28	Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.50	" 7.10
" 9.40	" 6.22	31	Cobble Hill	47	" 10.40	" 7.02
" 9.55	" 6.31	35	McPherson's	43	" 10.25	" 6.53
" 10.05	" 6.38	38	Koksilah	40	" 10.15	" 6.46
" 10.10	" 6.42	40	Duncan's	38	" 10.10	" 6.42
" 10.20	" 6.49	43	Somenos	35	" 10.00	" 6.35
" 10.27	" 6.58	47	Westholme	31	" 9.53	" 6.26
" 10.42	" 7.08	52	Chemainus	26	" 9.38	" 6.15
" 11.00	" 7.26	59	Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.20	" 5.57
" 11.09	" 7.35	62	Oyster Bay	16	" 9.11	" 5.18
" 11.40	" 8.08	73	Nanaimo	5	" 8.40	" 5.15
Ar. 12.00 n'n	Ar. 8.25	78	Wellington		De. 8.20 am	De. 5.00 pm

On Saturdays and Sundays

Cheap excursion tickets will be issued to and from all points, good to return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for fifteen days including day of issue.

Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, at Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt.

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AND ALL EASTERN CANADIAN POINTS

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NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL-RAIL TO NELSON, B.C.

THE ONLY THROUGH LINE TO NELSON, KASLO, KOOTENAI LAKE AND SLOCAN POINTS.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Northport.

Tri-weekly between Northport and Nelson.

7:00 a.m. Lv.. SPOKANE ..Ar. 6:50 p.m.

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays trains will run through to Nelson, arriving at 5:40 p.m. making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kalso and all lake points, arriving at Kalso at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Mondays; Wednesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane same days.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

For TRAIL CREEK MINES, connect at Northport with stage daily.

For Nakusp and Revelstoke, connect at Northport with boat on Wednesdays and Saturdays ja1

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry.

GLANCE AT THIS MAP

Of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway and note its connections with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, and remember when going east that its trains are lighted with electricity and heated by steam. Its equipment is superb. Elegant Buffet, Library, Smoking, and Sleeping cars, with free reclining chairs. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp, and its dining cars are the best in the world. Some other lines are longer than this, but none are shorter, and no other offers the above luxurious accommodations. These are sufficient reasons for the popularity of "The Milwaukee." Coupon ticket agents in every railroad office will give you further information, or address

C. EDDY, General Agent,

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"ST. ANDREW & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY." Society meets in Caledonia Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday in every month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend. E. C. Smith, Secretary. my4-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, June 16, 1895
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

a.m.,	50°	Mean 54°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
a. m.,	51°		
9 a. m.,	54°	Highest 65°	5 a. m—8 S.W.
1 p. m.,	63°		1 p. m.—16 S.W.
5 p. m.,	57°	Lowest 50°	9 p. m.—20 S W.
9 p. m.,	52°		Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—5 hrs. 6 min.

ESQUIMALT STATION, June 17, 1895.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a. m.,	49°	Mean 55°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	47°		
9 a. m.,	58°	Highest 64°	5 a.m.—Calm.
1 p. m.,	57°		1 p.m --16 S.
5 p. m.,	61°	Lowest 45°	9 p.m.—16 S.W.
9 p. m.,	57		Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sunshine—4 hrs. 54 min.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. WALLA WALLA from San Francisco—R Walker, P Militz, M Leurs and wife, A K Munro, J A Thompson, W C McDougall, R P Rithet, Mrs S B Rogers and two daughters, Mrs M Stewart, Mrs Taylor, L Jackson, Dr Crown, F H Greame, and V Webster.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—H M Pierce and wife, J M Haley, W S Eadings and wife, C W Spear, A W Carter, J Hannigar and D B Lindsay.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. WALLA WALLA from San Francisco—A K Munro, A McGregor & Son, Albion Iron Works, Blackie & McKinnon, Colonist Ptg Co, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, E J Saunders, E B Marvin, Fell & Co, F Carne, Fred Norris, F R Stewart, H B Co, H Short & Son, Horsefly Gold Mining Co, J & A Clearihue, J E Philip, J A Ritchie, La Wah, Mrs C J Spratt, M Makowski, Marvin & Titton, P McQuade & Son, Province Pub Co, Pither & Leiser, R P Rithet & Co, R Maynard, R H Jamieson, R Baker & Son, Simon Leiser, Speed Bros, Spratt & Gray, Challoner & Macaulay, Thos Shotbolt, Thos Earle, Victoria Phœnix Brew Co, Vaio & Brooks, Wilson Bros, Wm Lough, W J Pendray, Yuen Lung, Nelson Brew Co, R F Anderson & Co, T S Annandale, A R Johnson & Co, Beatty & Hall, C S Philp, F R Stewart, George Wagg, McMillan & Hamilton, Mowat & Craig, Ormond S & Co, Winch & Bower, A Haslam, N Beltrams, P Gabel.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—Hartman & Co, and Perry & Turner.

HONEST DRUGS

At Honest Prices, and Prescriptions carefully prepared by experienced Pharmacists, at the

People's Popular Prescription Pharmacy,
36 Government Street. Always Open.
C. E. JONES.

A SINFUL WASTE.

Good Food Allowed to Decay a Feature of American Households.

There are few households in the land but have a periodical recrudescence of economy in the matter of food supply. A big grocer's or butcher's bill immediately suggests that there should be some economy practiced "somewhere."

The present activity in the field of dietetics should spread valuable knowledge into every kitchen. It is already showing benefits in the matter of nutritious food versus medicine.

Housewives do not always realize that they have a prominent part to play in this grave question of the day, the "disposal of garbage." That responsibility lies within the domestic threshold, and to consign the collection of waste to the scavenger is not the limit of her power nor a self satisfying conclusion. What she consigns does not concern her, and this "bete noir" found in every part of the land, a subject fraught with almost insurmountable difficulties to those whose business it is to find a healthful and quick disposal of garbage, is far more the business of the housekeeper than she is willing to acknowledge. We must go back of the garbage can to find the cause. American extravagance is proverbial the world over. We provide with a lavish hand. Unskilled and indifferent help waste accordingly. Expenditure for food in a large percentage of the middle and lower classes is estimated to take very often fully three-fourths of the income. Actual consumption and benefit derived from quantity supplied is notably small in the wealthier families.

Convincing proof is found in the overflowing garbage can. Lack of robustness among a certain class and the amount of debility afflicting a majority of people prove to investigators a want of proper nutriment to build up the overwrought body, which must endure somehow the strain and stress of American life and climate.

The unintelligent methods of poor servants, unskilled in handling food, is one cause of the effect. It is considered their prerogative to waste what does not suit their fancy. "Leavings" which may be the best portions from the mistresses' table are not palatable to their taste, and so good material is speedily hidden from sight, more is called for, and a haphazard supply to keep Bridget good natured furnishes her with an abundance to overflow ash cans, clog pipes, choke traps, fill cesspools, draw vermin and offer culture as a medium for the ubiquitous microbe. Noxious odors offend nostrils and dangerous effluvia jeopardize health and obstruct sanitary measures.

It is just this waste in the world that has been the cause of plagues, pestilences and diseases. It is wasted time, strength, money, happiness and, too often, life.—Baltimore American.

Subscribe for THE WEEKLY COLONIST

BUSY FIREMEN.

The Brigade Engaged From Sunday Afternoon to Early Monday Morning.

Store Street the Scene of Thier Activities - Suspicious Circumstances.

Alarms from box 61 kept the firemen busy from Sunday afternoon until an early hour yesterday morning. Three calls were sounded, all within the space of a few hours, the fire in each case being in the same building, an old frame structure on Store street, formerly used for hotel purposes and adjoining the new Astrico or Telegraph hotel. The ground floor is at present occupied by Mr. Jonathan Merrifield as a general store, while the rear furnished living rooms for the family. The second story is used by the hotel people as lodging rooms for their employes.

On Sunday afternoon at about 4:30 o'clock, C Johnson, porter at the hotel, happened to be out in the back yard and noticed a strong smell of coal oil, but gave the matter no particular thought; about an hour later he was out again, and this time saw smoke coming out of the building. He ran to the back window and called to the inmates, but receiving no response hurried to box 61 and sounded an alarm at 5:20.

The brigade arrived quickly and forcing the door soon located the fire on the floor near the end of the counter. The place was full of smoke. The fire had started near a pile of sacks containing beans, and these had soon caught fire and the beans falling upon the fire had served to smother it and prevent its rapid spread. A tank containing about five gallons of coal oil had been tipped over and the contents had spread over a large space on the floor. At the time the Merrifield family were away, and on their return were carefully questioned concerning the matter, but their answers threw no light on the case.

Mr. Merrifield said that about $2 50 was missing from the till, and that four dozen silver rings had also disappeared. A pane of glass in the back door, leading into the yard, had been broken and the door unlocked.

At 8 o'clock, the fire being extinguished, the Chief withdrew his men. At 8:45 Mr. Johnson, the porter, was again passing the store, this time on the hotel bus, and as he looked in saw a large blaze; he quickly drove to the box and again pulled an alarm. The firemen were quick in their response and soon were working on familiar ground. This time the fire was behind the counter, in a large pile of paper bags, and not far from the first blaze. The chemical soon did its work, and the fire was quickly under control.

The affair had now assumed a suspicious aspect, and a hurried consultation was held between Chief Sheppard and Chief Deasy, the result being that a detail of policemen and firemen were put to watch the building. At 1:30 Chief Deasy and Detective Perdue were looking through the window and discovered a third fire. The same box was pulled and the department again responded, and on forcing the door located the blaze near the front door under the counter. This was quickly put out. Mr. Merrifield says that about two o'clock yesterday morning he discovered a fourth fire in a pile of paper bags, but this statement is not credited by the watchers. At five o'clock the insurance people arrived and the firemen and policemen left. The damage was found to be small, and was placed at $100, which was paid Hall, Goepel & Co. and R S. Day, the agents of the companies interested. Merrifield had insurance to the amount of $1,800 on his stock and furniture, and there was $1,500 on the building and $750 on the furniture of the lodging rooms upstairs. These policies were cancelled yesterday as the risk was not considered good. Chief Deasy will have an investigation to-day.

Drink Excelsior XXX English Ale and Lager Beer. It is the best.

PERSONAL.

R. V. Webster, of Ceylon, is registered at the Dallard.

Mrs. H. L. Salmon was a passenger for San Francisco by the City of Puebla, which sailed last evening.

W. Lewis and wife, of San Francisco, are at the Driard; also W. H. Redington and family and George Whiting, of Chicago.

H G Marquis, accountant of the Bank of B N A., arrived home from Europe, accompanied by Mrs. Marquis, on Sunday evening.

M H Wiggin, of the San Francisco Chronicle, paid Victoria a visit yesterday, and left for the Bay City by the Puebla last evening.

Rev. A E Green left yesterday for Boston as the representative of the British Columbia lodges at the International Supreme Lodge I O G T.

Alfred W. Carter, Honolulu; B. S Rogers, Vancouver; the Misses Rogers and Mrs. S. B. Rogers, Los Angeles; and R. Walker, London, are at the Dallas.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Preparations Advancing for the Grand Aquatic Meeting at Esquimalt in July.

Sutton Fails To Keep His Engagement—The Victoria Wheelmen's Meet.

Friday and Saturday, July 19 and 20, will be memorable in the aquatic record of Victoria, for on those days the North Pacific Association of Amateur Oarsmen will hold its annual regatta at Esquimalt. Crowds of excursionists will visit the city from Nanaimo, Vancouver, Westminster, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland, as a lively interest is taken by the cities named in the chances for success of the competing crews. Victoria has a reputation to maintain in the way of hospitable entertainment of visitors, and it goes without saying, that the citizens generally will assist in making the city put on its best appearance so that the visitors may carry away most pleasant recollections of the charming environments and scenic delights of British Columbia's capital.

The North Pacific Association of Amateur Oarsmen was organized in 1890. From its inception it has made steady progress, all its annual regattas being liberally patronized; and it will not be long before these regattas will excite as much enthusiasm and general interest as those of the Canadian and National associations. The first regatta of the North Pacific association was held at Portland in 1891, and was won by Portland; the second, in Vancouver, was also won by Portland, under protest; the third was held in Portland, and was won by Vancouver; and the fourth, in Seattle last year, was won for the third time by Portland. The association now comprises the James Bay Athletic Association of Victoria, Portland and Willamette Rowing clubs of Portland, Vancouver Boating Club and Burrard Inlet Rowing Club.

The James Bay Association, though having a large membership, has not been in a position to compete with the other clubs on account of not possessing a suitable shell. Such a craft was, however, ordered last year from England, but arrived too late to allow Victoria to be represented at the Seattle regatta. This year the local aquatic association will leave nothing undone to bring Victoria to the fore. Sullivan (stroke), Scott (3), Jones (2), and Watson (bow), compose the senior crew, and anyone conversant with the individual records of these clever oarsmen will not be venturing a very overconfident assertion in saying that the visiting fours will have "no picnic" with the J. B. A. A. shell. The local senior crew averages about 165 pounds in rowing condition. They are exercising regularly, taking two spins around the harbor course each day, and will, no doubt, enter the races in the pink of condition, as Sullivan and Scott have had much experience in preliminary work and will guard against over-training. One great advantage of the seniors lies in the fact that they appear to be splendidly balanced, and the relative places in the boat could hardly be improved upon. The stroke of the seniors, as observed in practice, is inclined to be fast, without any appearance of jerkiness or hurry. The reach is good and long, the finish clean and the recovery quick, the stroke in its entirety giving the impression of grace, nimbleness and strength.

The junior crew is made up of T. C. Boulton (stroke), T. F. Geiger (3), J. W. Wilson (2), and G. Watson (bow) The juniors have only been practising about a week, though the members of the crew have been rowing all season, and consequently are only called upon to do just enough work to keep in form.

The juniors have many admirers who confidently predict that they will have no difficulty in making space between their own boat and those of their contestants. Much depends upon the manner in which the various crews are boated, and though the J. B. A. A. shell is reputed to be of the latest design and make, some of the visiting crews may bring shells more suitably rigged and better fitted for speed.

The J. B. A. A. will not likely place any entries in the single scull events. This is to be much regretted, for with such men as Scott and Aden to compete for the senior and junior singles, Victoria would have great chances of demonstrating local aquatic prowess. The club does not possess sculling shells, and it will be difficult to procure suitable ones in time for the coming regatta.

Both senior and junior crews have been receiving instruction from J. Seeley. The J. B A. A. have been very fortunate indeed in having such an excellent coach, as Mr. Seeley has been identified with the rowing clubs of Victoria for many years. Besides being an oarsman of merit, he is conversant with the various styles of rowing in vogue on this continent and in England. He has prevailed upon the seniors and juniors to adopt what is termed the "professional style," which is a slight departure from the methods most favored in the past. The "professional" consists in a slight bending of the shoulders when "reaching," the arms, however, being straight, and there being a tendency to the vertical at the finish. The advantage consists in a firmer grip, and it is also claimed that more power can be put into the stroke by the employment of this method.

It has not been decided yet whether the four-oared events will be rowed in heats or not. If each race be decided without heats, there will be six crews at the starting line. With such a number of crews it would be far better to have preliminary contests, as there would be less danger of fouls, and the finals would work up much more enthusiasm among the spectators, as they would have had an opportunity of comparing the relative merits of the winners of the preliminary heats.

Besides the four-oared and single sculling contests, the programme will likely provide for the usual features of a general regatta. It is expected that the naval ships will also take part, and their assistance cannot be valued too highly in rendering the regatta a pronounced success.

The course will be one and a half miles straightaway, the start being from the western extremity and the finish at the eastern end of the harbor. From a spectators' point of view the course will be an ideal one, as the races can be observed from start to finish. The selection of Esquimalt will do much to dispel the impression that Victoria is handicapped in the matter of regattas by being confined to the harbor and Gorge courses. Esquimalt, with its picturesque surroundings, its many vantage points for spectators, and the ships of the North Pacific squadron riding at anchor in the harbor, should prove an advantage that, with proper advertising, should attract many visitors.

Victoria has always been represented by splendid crews in provincial regattas, and has never succumbed to sister cities whenever rowing with equal advantages and not handicapped by inferior boats. The association regatta will give rowing a great impetus in this city, and whilst the city's representative oarsmen have carried off honors on many occasions, there is every reason to expect that Victoria's position in the association's regattas of the future will be an enviable one and in keeping with the athletic status and reputation of the city. The James Bay Athletic Association, through its spring and fall club regattas, has been the means of maintaining an interest in rowing, and its members can be relied upon to do everything calculated to make the first regatta of the North Pacific Association held in Victoria an unqualified success. To-night a general meeting of the Bays will be held to farther the regatta preparations.

CRICKET.

VICTORIA SECOND XI V. THE BARRACKS.

This match was played Saturday and resulted in a win for The Barracks by 102 runs. The scores follow:

VICTORIA SECOND XI.

B. Goward, b Barraclough	5
C. Gamble, b Barraclough	4
A. Scroggs, b Kelly	3
A. P. Luxton, c Cannon b Rann	12
S. Y. Wootton, b Rann	6
T. E. Pooley, c Barraclough b Rann	0
C. A. Goffin, l.b.w.b. Frain	0
E. A. Pauline, b Barraclough	4
A. S. Potts, run out	4
K. Macrae, not out	0
F. T. Cornwall, b Barraclough	0
Byes	10
Leg byes	7
Wides	1
Total	56

THE BARRACKS.

Corporal Glover, b Goffin	27
Gr. Frain, l b w Goward	7
Gr. Bourner, c Scroggs, b Goffin	1
Sapr. Spong, c Cornwall, b Pooley	13
Gr. Barraclough, c Goward, b Pooley	24
Br. Kelly, b Gamble	32
Gr. Hatcher, b Potts	5
Gr. Cannon, c Pooley, b Goward	10
Sapr. Sweet, c Pooley, b Luxton	20
Bugler Rann, b Gamble	0
Gr. Sawyer, not out	1
Byes	12
Leg byes	6
Wides	2
Total	158

THE WHEEL.

WILL MEET ON THURSDAY.

The Victoria Wheelmen will this week and hereafter meet on Thursday instead of Tuesday evening. At this week's meeting a long list of important business will receive consideration, including the appointment of officers for the opening meet, the letting of concessions, arrangement of programme, and preparation for a parade on the evening of the 28th inst. Sunday's run to Goldstream was very much enjoyed by the half dozen riders who attended.

THE HARRIS CUP RACE.

Messrs. H. Wille, E. A. Wolff, Thomas Kavanaugh, J. W. Weiler, C. H. Gibbons, Justin Gilbert, Frank Penwill, E. W. Bradley, S. P. Moody, Thomas G. Moody, jr., Frank E. Alley, W. Hewarrson and Thomas A. Johnson have entered for the ten mile handicap race for the Harris cup, the first heat for which will be run at Beacon Hill Saturday afternoon. It is expected that Messrs. Kavanaugh, Gilbert, Weiler and S. P. Moody will ride in the first heat, the first mentioned gentleman being the favorite. The handicaps will be announced in a few days.

PEDESTRIANISM.

NO MATCH WILL BE MADE

A. Hancock, the Nanaimo pedestrian, paid Victoria a visit yesterday for the express purpose of accepting the challenge of V. H. Sutton for a match here on Saturday afternoon for $100 a side and gate receipts. The two met in the COLONIST office during the afternoon, when Sutton declined to make a match, saying that he proposed to leave Victoria by the Rosalie this morning, and could not walk according to his own proposition in any event, as he was having trouble with a sore leg. Sutton will for the next few weeks make Seattle his headquarters.

YACHTING.

A SUNDAY SAIL

But two of Victoria's yachts—the Dora, Capt. Finlayson, and the Irene, Capt. Godson—got away on Saturday afternoon on the cruise to Port Angeles. They arrived at their destination at 9 o'clock, after travelling the entire way side by side. On disembarking the crews were very hospitably entertained, and for the treatment accorded them by ex-Mayor Norman R. Smith, Chas. E. Mallette and others they have nothing but praise. On Sunday afternoon the start for home was made and the voyage proved very exciting. A strong southwester was blowing and the little craft had work to weather it. As it was, the Irene's bowsprit gave way, and the rudder post of the Dora split, but fortunately worked all right, although the greatest caution had to be exercised. The Irene came home a little in the lead, having made the trip in three hours and a half. On Saturday afternoon the sealing schooner Dora Stewerd put into Angeles for shelter. She had stood down the Straits, but found the gale too strong for her. On Sunday morning she was high and dry on the beach, where the yachtsmen believe she was driven through having too much momentum in rounding the spit. Her captain, however, seemed little concerned, and it is thought the schooner is away to sea by this time.

LACROSSE.

"CAPITALS" TO MEET.

An important meeting of the Capital lacrosse club is to be held this evening at the Y.M.C A. rooms, when every member is requested to be in attendance. The business is to arrange for the first schedule home match, to be played with the Nanaimos.

BASEBALL.

"AMITIES" AT PRACTICE.

The Amities had a fine practice last evening and the team showed up well in the field and at the bat. Much more attention is being given to team work, the men backing each other up on long throws from the out-field; the throwing of the in-field, too, has improved and the work between the bases is very steady.

THE ROD.

DUNCAN, June 17—(Special)—Excellent fishing was enjoyed at Cowichan lake during the last week, the killing flies being Jack Scot in the morning and towards evening the large March Brown or claret-bodied coachman. Particulars are given of two or three anglers' catches "to encourage the others." Mr. George Langley, of Victoria, commencing on the 7th, made daily bags as follows: 10 lbs., 12 lbs, 22 lbs., 16 lbs., 19½ lbs, 16 lbs, 21 lbs, 17 lbs., and on the 15th 26 lbs. Mr. Hartley, of Park View, England, caught on the 9th 38 trout, weighing 29 lbs; Mr. T. E. Wooldridge, of Victoria, secured on the 15th a good salmon of 11½ lbs. and a trout of 3¾ lbs. The Lakeside hotel, Cowichan lake, had the following new arrivals on Friday last: Mr. John Wrigley, Lancashire, England; Mr. H. H. Bellairs, ex Empress of Japan; Mr. H. S. Wellbur and Mrs. Wellbur, Quamichan Lake; Mr and Mrs R. E Jackson, Mr. T E. Wooldridge, Victoria. A fishing party having good sport at Sahtlam, in the Cowichan river, consists of Captain Barkley, Miss Barkley, Captain Barnes, Mrs. Bridgman and Miss Drake. Mr. J. C. Prevost and Mr. T. H. Price returned to Victoria by yesterday afternoon's train.

For finest workmanship and best material Flor de Vallen cigars took first award at World's Fair. x

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Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold in Victoria by Dean & Cryderman.

James E. Nicholson.

Almost Passes Belief

Mr. Jas. E. Nicholson, Florenceville, N. B., Struggles for Seven Long Years with

CANCER ON THE LIP,

AND IS CURED BY

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Mr. Nicholson says: "I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose; the cancer began to

Eat into the Flesh,

spread to my chin, and I suffered in agony for seven long years. Finally, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a

Decided Improvement.

Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore under my chin began to heal. In three months my lip began to heal, and, after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."

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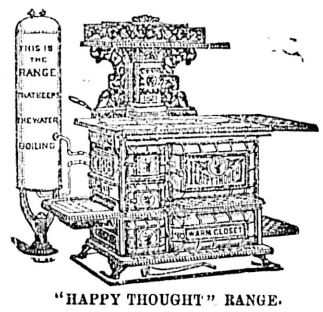

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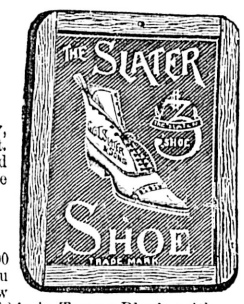

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Business communications, etc, for above, requiring attention prior to Mr. Robertson's return may be forwarded (by mails leaving Victoria up to 7th September) to

11 Oakhill Park, Hamstead, London, Eng.
my11-12-19-26